The Newport Daily News
Is delivered, practically, to every residence in the city, and circulated thoroughout the towns of Jamestown, Middletown and Portsmouth.

Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1895. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

JAMESTOWN,
Conanicut Island.
Furnished Cottages to rent from $50 to $1,600, for season.
Daniel Watson, 28 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Just Received,
FOR THE LADIES
A large assortment of
Biscuit, Wafers, Fancy Crackers, Pretzels, etc.
Come and see the display of Pickles, Pickled Fish, Smoked Sturgeon, Smoked Eels, Smoked Salmon, Smoked Kipp Herring, etc.
Be chilled, smoked Kipp Herring, etc.
Am still selling Canned Goods, Hunger Soups, Oyster and Soda Crackers at Franklin street Depot. For a good bit of Cheese or German Rye bread go to
L. EHRHARDT, JR.,
271 Thames Street.
Telephone.

POWELL'S
Cream of Rose and Almonds.
For chapped face and hands. There is nothing better.
F. L. POWELL,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STREETS.

Second Edition.

BY TELEGRAPH

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

BRITANNIA'S DAY.

Started Behind the Ailsa, But Finished First.

Easy Victory in a Freshening Wind, with a Rough Sea.

NICE, March 27.—The Ailsa, Britannia and Valkyrie I started this morning in a race for the prizes sailed for last Saturday, when the judges disqualified the Ailsa and Britannia for starting before the signal was given. The prizes were 5,000 2,000 and 1,000 francs, together with gold, silver and bronze medals, and the course was the same as that sailed over last Saturday, when a triangular course was covered three times, making the total distance thirty miles. The weather was clear, the wind light and the sea calm.

The Ailsa passed the starting line at 10:44:30, the Britannia at 10:49:07, and the Valkyrie at 10:55:37. All three of the yachts carried beed sails and working topsails. The wind freshened shortly after the start. In the outer race the Rolla III passed the line at 11:03:27, and the Lolo III at 11:04:30.

The Ailsa turned the east buoy at 11:23:30, the Britannia at 11:25:35, and the Valkyrie at 11:30:50. Rounding the buoy, all the boats carried balloon topsails. It was a long leg to the starboard to reach the west buoy, which the Ailsa passed at 11:49:40 and the Britannia at 11:51:20.

It required a reach to port to make the jetty. The wind freshened after the round of the west buoy. The Ailsa kept in too near the shore, and was obliged to tack to reach the jetty. The Britannia made a long tack. The times of passing the jetty were: Ailsa, 12:11:40; Britannia, 12:15:50.

The Ailsa finished the second round at 1:50:5, and the Britannia at 1:27:20. The boats carried no topsails and had only jibs and staysails set. The wind was veering, and the Britannia showed herself to be the better boat in that kind of a breeze. Besides, she was better handled. It was a starboard reach to the south to make the east buoy. The sea was very high and the wind was constantly increasing.

On the third round the Britannia overhauled and passed the Ailsa. The Britannia seemed to make better weather than the Ailsa. The sea became rougher and rougher during the third round. The Britannia arrived home at 3:36:07, and the Ailsa crossed the finish line at 3:43:45.

The opinion is generally expressed that the Britannia is a better boat in a rough sea than the Ailsa, and it is also conceded that she was manœuvred with greater skill. The official times of the Ailsa and Britannia are: Ailsa—Start, 10:44:40; first round, 12:12:46; second round, 1:28:13; finish, 2:45:43. Britannia—Start, 10:51:32; first round, 12:15:45; second round, 1:28:51; finish, 2:38:57.

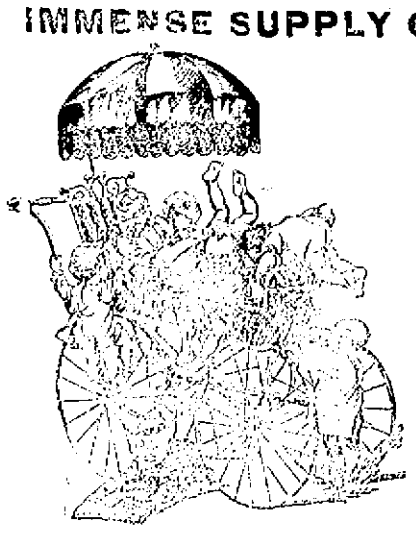
AGAINST CONFEDERATION.

Departure of a Newfoundland Delegation to Ottawa.

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, March 27.—A delegation consisting of Hon. R. Bond, colonial secretary; Hon. E. P. Morris, Hon. G. H. Emerson and W. H. Horwood, sailed this morning at 10 o'clock for Ottawa. At an early hour a crowd began to gather at the rooms of the Anti-Confederate League, until it numbered eight thousand stalwart voters. A procession was formed, headed by a band and carrying flags and banners inscribed with "No Confederation with Canada" and "Welcome Annexation!" and carrying the pink, white and green flag, the flag of the colony, draped with crape.

MATTRESSES
Made over.
FURNITURE
Re-upholstered.
CARPETS
Put down.
W. F. Spingler & Son,
Prospect Hill Street,
Two doors below the Avenue.

AN IMMENSE SUPPLY OF



BABY CARRIAGES!
—AT—
A. C. TITUS & CO'S.
Call and inspect the line.

After parading the principal streets of the city the procession proceeded to the steamer's wharf.

DEMUR TO INDICTMENTS.

New York Election Officers and Voters Plead Not Guilty.

NEW YORK, March 27.—All the election officers and voters, nineteen in number, arrested during the past four days under indictments found by the extraordinary grand jury, were called upon to plead today in the court of oyer and terminer. Without exception they pleaded not guilty, but several entered demurrers. The lawyer, who has been retained by Thomas Cross and John Grasser, demurred to the indictments pending against his clients, and desired till Friday to prepare the necessary papers. His clients, he said, intended to make a test case of the indictments. This Justice Ingraham granted, whereupon all the counsel of several others of the indicted prisoners asked the same privilege, which were granted. Justice Ingraham then ordered the court adjourned until Friday.

THREE ROBBERS KILLED.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Hold Up a Cincinnati Southern Express.

DANVILLE, KY., March 27.—An unsuccessful attempt was made to hold up train No 3 on the Cincinnati Southern road at 2 o'clock this morning, at Greenwood, Ky. There was a terrific fight between the robbers and the trainmen, and the report just received says that three of the robbers were killed. The train was the fast Florida special, which leaves Cincinnati at 8 P. M., and makes only four stops between that city and Chattanooga.

BROKE THE RECORD FOR WORK DONE.

Final Adjournment of the Sixty-Seventh Maine Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 27.—The sixty-seventh Maine legislature adjourned *sine die* today, the house at 12:35 o'clock and the senate a few minutes later. The body first assembled January 2, and has been in session the usual number of days, but has broken the record for amount of work done, having passed 403 acts, 124 resolves and 87 measures, which is more than any previous legislature has done. The usual resolutions of thanks to the officers were adopted.

MIGHTIER THAN THE CHINESE.

Outbreak of Cholera Among the Japanese Troops at Port Arthur.

LONDON, March 27.—A despatch to the Star says that cholera has broken out among the Japanese troops at Port Arthur.

Pawtucket Man Probably Fatally Burned.

PAWTUCKET, March 27.—Edward Wilkinson, sixty-four years old, residing at 48 Cottage street, was seriously and probably fatally burned early this morning. He is subject to fits, and while lighting a lamp was attacked with one. His clothes ignited, and when discovered his right side was fearfully burned. After receiving medical attendance he was removed to the Rhode Island Hospital, where his recovery is considered doubtful.

Fall River Wife Murderer Adjudged Insane.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 27.—James Biggins, who recently cut his own and his wife's throat, was adjudged insane today and removed to the Taunton Asylum for the Insane.

GRAND LODGE IN SESSION.

New England Order of Protection in Rhode Island.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 27.—The seventh annual session of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island, New England Order of Protection, was held here today. Forty-nine past wardens, representing all the subordinate lodges of the state, were present, Grand Warden Charles A. Lee of Pawtucket presiding, and nine new past grand wardens were admitted to membership.

The grand warden presented his annual report, and that of the grand secretary showed that one hundred and fifty members had been admitted into the various lodges of the state during the past year, six had died, and thirty-two had been dismissed or transferred, making the total membership of the order in Rhode Island 664, a net gain of 112. Reports were also received from the grand treasurer, the finance committee and the board of trustees. The election of officers resulted as follows:

Grand Warden—Henry M. Ormiston of Auburn.

Grand Vice Warden—Alonzo E. Pierce of Providence.

Grand Secretary—Charles H. Mathewson of Providence.

Grand Treasurer—Thomas L. Hutchins of Providence.

Grand Chaplain—Eva S. Breard of Providence.

Grand Trustees—Benjamin J. Stone and Jennie F. Payne of Providence, William L. Frost of Tiverton.

Supreme Representative for two years—Chester P. Round of Providence; alternate, William L. Frost of Tiverton.

Dinner was served after the election of officers and the transaction of routine business, and the session was continued during the afternoon, with further routine business.

Nashua's Savings Bank Failure.

NASHUA, N. H., March 27.—There is but little to add to the financial situation regarding the closing of the Nashua Savings Bank. The bank officers have issued a notice to depositors regarding the payment and the receiving of deposits. There have been the anticipated calls on the other banks, shown in a slight increase of withdrawals, but the treasurers state that these are not embarrassing. The matter is the sole topic of discussion in town, and there is a general impression that the bank will meet its obligations in full. At the Nashua bank there were but few callers this forenoon.

Portland Quarrymen and Owners Disagree as to Wages.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 27.—The Portland quarrymen last night voted to stand by their demand for $2.50 a day. The quarry owners decline to give more than $1.90, and one of them says that the men must accept this today or they will advertise for help.

COLD WEATHER IN FRANCE.

All France seems to be having the cold shakes. It cannot get warm, though it is quite time for spring buds to be showing on the chestnut trees, and there are suggestions of sunshine along the Riviera in honor of the royal visitors. Wiseacres say there is as much as a degree's change in the climate, and a thousand years or so from date another ice period will have possession of sunny France. This winter in Paris has been simply one of torture to the majority of thin-blooded, nervous Americans, and it has taken all their philosophy, not to mention cash, to be decently comfortable in that anything but gay capital. No wonder the world has rushed off to the resorts in that fashionable paradise, the Riviera! It was Cannes, Nice and Monte Carlo, or suicide.—[Entre Nous, in Boston Herald.

29th January, 1895.
NOTICE!
☞ We beg to inform the public that on account of repairs in the building we shall not be able to open our establishment for some time longer. Respectfully,
Kazanjian & Co.,
Kazanjian Block, Bellevue Avenue.

IN BEHALF OF LABOR.

Interesting Addresses to Workingmen.

The first and what promises to be the only political rally of the present campaign was held last evening in Music Hall. The meeting had been disguised under the name of addresses on the new trades unionism, under the auspices of the Newport Trades Council, and had, so far as the general public was concerned, been still further treated in a non-political way by the absence of public advertisement. In consequence there were few present, save those directly interested in the labor movement. The women had been publicly invited to hear Mrs. Avery, and a fair number responded. They heard a number of homely every-day facts in relation to women and the labor question, stated in plain language, and an address from a woman which differed materially from any they had ever before heard in this city. The men in the hall also heard a series of addresses on the present condition of affairs to the labor world that was both interesting and different from the usual campaign oratory.

Mr. Percy B. Dawley presided, and after music by the orchestra introduced as the first speaker Mr. T. P. McGuire, of the Knights of Labor of New York, an experienced labor speaker, who talked on the purpose of the new trades unionism, to abolish poverty, which may be either mental, physical or moral. It is the duty of the people to change the present system of civilization, which is filling the poorhouses and penitentiaries, and making millionaires—a system which has given twelve billions of the wealth of this country to four thousand families, and but two billions to six million other families. The speaker defined physical poverty to be an absence of food, clothing and necessaries for the proper sustenance of life. This poverty causes sin, as can be seen when it is known that thirty thousand women in New York average but forty cents a day in wages; not enough for their support. These may be unknown to Newporters, but they are some one's daughters, and are entitled to consideration. New York has seventy thousand outcasts, many made so by their inability to earn a living honestly. The millionaires are not to blame for this; it is the workingmen, who with their votes have made six hundred trusts possible, and have brought on this result. They can change it, but at the next election they will, as usual, go to the polls and vote for the Demo-Republican party, and "look for that $5 to get some other fool to do the same."

Since the beginning it has been the purpose of the capitalist or master to keep the workers in ignorance or in mental poverty; in this is the secret of their success. The boy is sent to work before his body has become fit or his mind sufficiently matured and trained to understand things. He grows up knowing nothing but tonight's dreams, tomorrow's work, Sunday's drunk. The father says he cannot do without the boy's wages, but in the mill towns it is the girls who work; the boys are sent to learn algebra and to fit themselves for Wall street operators, in imitation of the successful capitalist. They generally wind up on the race track. "What do you give your children to read? Few of you know." The speaker then told what the children read, and what they could be given to read to educate their minds. "What have the political parties done for you? What is your condition today under a Democratic administration? It is no better and no worse than if the Republicans were in power. Both are working in the interests of the capitalist, and not of the workingman."

Workingmen must learn to love each other. It is on their quarrels that the capitalist lives. Why abuse a man because he was born in one land or another? No one had the choice of his birthplace. The same with religion; no one has an easy time in getting to heaven; all you know is that some one told you there is a heaven, and you stand ready to beat a fellow-man to make him follow your path to get there. Don't quarrel about the way; try to get there yourself and give your brother the same privilege.

The better workmen must help the poorer, or soon the poor will drag the better down to their own level. There can be no aristocracy of labor. The man who digs the cellar is as essential as the one who puts on the ridgeboard or draughts the plan; all are essential. "You should begin to study this social question: What will you leave your children? You must master the machines, or the machines will master you."

Mrs. Martha Moore Avery of Boston was the next speaker. She said it was no new thing for her to address workingmen and women. It may be strange for Newporters to hear a woman on this topic, but she would say to the men that if they would use their votes properly they would confer a greater benefit on the women than they know—those women who are trying hard to make $3 do that for which $50 is needed. One point she wished to impress on her hearers, the marvelous increase in the speed with which human beings are producing the necessities and luxuries of life. In the last sixty years this capacity has increased more than fifteen hundred per cent. "The men of today are making more than fifteen hundred times as much as the men of your father's and grandfather's days; are you fifteen hundred times better off than they? No; it is to the rich, chiefly, that the increase has gone. I marvel at the stupidity of the American man, whether from old Yankee stock, like myself, or just from across the water, in allowing this thing to continue and grow. It is not like the spirit that would not brook the taxation of England, and gave us this great heritage; it is not like the spirit that wiped out slavery at the cost of much blood, to now allow the millionaire to draw a tax much more onerous than Great Britain ever placed, and to inflict a wage bondage much more cruel than the black man ever knew. You strike for higher wages, and like the recent affair at Haverhill, it is a failure. Why? Because this country has capacity to supply shoes to two hundred million people, and there are but sixty-five million here. If you strike, a man with a family on the verge of starvation is ready to take your place, and you cannot blame him for doing it. When you look at these facts, and they apply to every line of business, you will have turned the right way. The political parties talk of tariff and money. These are not your affairs; they are the concern of business men. You are wage workers, not business men; there is a chasm between the two classes, and it is constantly being deepened and broadened, and all middle-class merchants and manufacturers are steadily being forced into your class—that of wage workers. You must get this class consciousness firmly planted in your mind before you can intelligently appreciate your condition or what is necessary to improve it. This condition will continue as long as competition exists in the necessities of life. Your children set the price of your labor, because you will compete with your brother-workman. It makes no difference to you about tariff; does help the manufacturer or merchant in his competition with others. The money question is not yours, because no matter how much money there is, it does you no good unless some of it gets into your pockets. A few own the land and machinery; you own only your capacity to work, and the few purchase that capacity, paying, not what it is worth, for it is said that a man should earn enough to subsist upon and perpetuate his species. He cannot do this if women and children enter into competition for his work. In Massachusetts alone one hundred thousand idle men are reported. There earn nothing. Whose fault is it? Yours. You have the votes, and allow this condition of affairs to grow steadily worse. The capitalist is not to blame; he simply takes advantage of the condition of the market. It is to change this that the new trades unionism, or socialism, as it is called, has come into being. It has been adopted by the British workmen after three years of agitation. You have advantages over these or any other workmen, if you will but use them. In this country the workingmen have the franchise; they lead in inventions; they do more work; and they get less pay for the same amount of work than those of any other civilized country. All this talk about the pauper labor of Europe is political clap-trap. Official reports show that one hundred men, working a hundred machines in Zurich, Switzerland, produce $300 worth of work; the same number in London turn out $800 worth; in Lynn the product is $1,400. The time is the same; the Lynn men earn the most, but they get the least for each article produced; they are really the pauper workers, judging by the actual price paid. You must stand by your class. Labor is a part of man; capital is only a thing, and amounts to nothing without the assistance of labor."

The last speaker was Mr. George E. Boomer of Providence, candidate for governor on the Socialist-Labor ticket, a printer by trade, and a fair speaker, who talked much as did his two predecessors. He said that the people must control the means for the production and distribution of the necessities of life. There could be no competition in these things, or the present distress would necessarily continue.

At the close of the meeting Mr. Dawley announced that Mr. Boomer had prepared an illustrated lecture on the labor question, which it was proposed to have delivered in this city for the benefit of a library for the trades union. He asked the various union men to do what they could to make the lecture a success.

VENETIAN GLASS.

The glass mosaics are brought from Murano into the workshops at Venice in the form of thin plates, and are cut up into little cubes, or squares, in the latter place. They are put away and classified according to color, and this working stock fills several large rooms. Against all four walls of these apartments stand huge cabinets, divided up into what seem to be innumerable little drawers and compartments, all numbered and catalogued like a veritable museum. Each of the little compartments contains possibly a thousand of these little glass dice, of a particular shade. My guide told me, and from what I saw myself I am ready to accept the statement as unquestionably true, that over five thousand different shades and colors for the glass mosaics are made in Murano, and that there are from twelve to fifteen tints to each color and shade. Think of it! And then think of having this enormous collection so systematically arranged that any one tint of any shade can be found without a moment's delay.

This statement may seem startling, but when it is considered that Salviati's artisans are able to reproduce in exact shadings, colorings and tone any painting, it will be appreciated that this vast number is hardly more than adequate. An artist in oils or water-colors can put one color or wash over the other, depending upon the opacity of one or the transparency of another, until the exact shade required has been obtained. Then, by blending several shades, he can soften and tone them down by almost imperceptible degrees, until actually, perhaps, several hundred or more tints have been produced in one bit of the painting—say that of hand or face.—[Florian Martell, in Home and Country.

COMMERFORD
is showing a line of Imported Clay diagonals—Jenneens & Welch vicunas, elder downs and soft diagonals—London worsteds and crepe vicunas that are the latest and proper things for ultra fashionable cutaways, frocks and evening dress suits.
235 Thames St.

WE WISH TO CALL
YOUR ATTENTION
to the fact that the
Tally Ho Shirt
is unsurpassed in fit and quality by any shirt on the market at the price, $1.00. We have them in open back and front, open back only, and short bosom.
W. K. R. HOLM, - 300 Thames Street.
Agent for the Fall River National Laundry.

Argument.
Your favorite tailor will charge you $30.00; perhaps $35 or $40, for the style you want. Rather too much these times. After you know that we are sole distributors for the "Tailor made ready to wear clothes," and that they're same in style—in fit—and same fabric—same trimmings.
YOU CAN SAVE
$15 to $25. Worth trying. Your money back if the clothes ain't right.
Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
Leading Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,
208 Thames St. 208

Geo. E. Vernon & Co,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Modern and Antique
FURNITURE.
Old Dutch and English Silver.
Upholstering in All Its Branches.
91 John Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.

NEW AND DESIRABLE
Picture Mouldings
Just received and for sale at lowest prices at
C. Banning's, 67 Broadway.
Agency for the Old Staten Island Dye House. Established 1819.

$2.95. $2.95.
We shall place on sale today one hundred
Silk Waists
In various shades and stripes, all pure silk, with very wide sleeves and made in very latest style; actual value for this waist is $3.95. Our price on this lot only $2.95, and our advice is to buy them now, as none can be duplicated.
The Bee Hive

SAMPLES
—OF—
RIBBON BADGES AND LAPEL BUTTONS,
large variety and fine workmanship, may be seen at the
Daily News Job Office.

This Morning's News.

CANADA'S SCHOOL WAR.

Situation Full of Critical Possibilities.

Greenwayites Will Fight the Remedial Order.

OTTAWA, March 27.—Premier Greenway's declaration that the governor general's order would be rejected in its entirety (meaning the order to grant remedial legislation to the Catholics in matters of separate schools), while not unexpected, has created great excitement in official circles. It is admitted that the situation is pregnant with critical possibilities, and that much depends upon the action of the Dominion government.

It is, of course, possible that the Manitoba legislature may shelve the question for a year, in which event the present Dominion government would be relieved of the necessity of action for that length of time, and the federal parliament has no jurisdiction till the government of the province acts, or refuses to act, on the remedial order. But this seems hardly likely to happen, judging from the reports of the feeling among the majority of the people of Manitoba.

The Feeling In Manitoba.

The first step in the renewed fight over the parochial schools began in the Manitoba legislature yesterday afternoon, when the full message was presented from the Dominion government, ordering the Manitoba legislature to give the Catholics their rights as they existed before the abolition of the parochial schools in 1890.

The reading of the Ottawa message occupied over an hour, and all verbiage removed, it amounts to the request as above stated. Mr. Martin, a French Catholic member of the legislature, urged that the government should take immediate action, but Premier Greenway protested, saying that the message should be printed in order that all members might know what they were dealing with. Here the matter rested.

Meanwhile the situation grows more complicated. The Catholics and their friends say that Greenway and his followers—if they reject the order from Ottawa—are rejecting a document ordered and signed by the queen, and such an act would be equivalent to open rebellion.

They say they cannot conceive how the Dominion government could do otherwise than make the formal request they have made, as they are bound to take immediate action upon the decision of the highest court, and see that the grievances of her majesty's subjects of the Roman Catholic faith in Manitoba received redress at the earliest possible moment.

Priests Are Blamed.

The Greenway government contends, on the other hand, that the present school law is satisfactory to many Catholics if it were not for the agitation by the priests of the church. They say that if Manitoba is coerced into recreating a dual system, dualism, both in language and education, will be extended to the territories as well, and thus there would be perpetuated in the west the evils which have caused dissatisfaction and stagnation in the province.

Among the members of the government side it seems to be a matter of opinion that the remedial order will be disposed of during the coming week and without any great amount of speaking. Premier Greenway, speaking on the matter, said the length of the discussion would depend upon the number of individual members who wanted to talk. Premier Greenway denies that he will compromise the matter by introducing a bill making the schools entirely secular.

Centrists' Grave Error.

BERLIN, March 27.—In the lobbies of the reichstag the members have exchanged their experiences at Friedrichsruhe, and commented upon the probable consequences of Saturday's vote. The members of the Center party, especially, are beginning to see that they blundered. They were on the point of being on the friendliest terms with the government and realizing all their desires. Now they are farther than ever from their goal.

Probably Due to Despondency.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Arthur B. Chase, 41 years old, committed suicide last night by shooting himself in the head. Chase was a man well known by the theatrical profession, having been for many years manager of the opera house in Holyoke. Chase had no occupation here, but he and his wife and child lived comfortably on his income. He had been despondent at times.

To Suppress Immorality.

ALBANY, March 27.—A bill was introduced in the senate yesterday prohibiting any woman from appearing in tights or in any indecent costume at any place where male persons are assembled. The posting of bills with indecent pictures is prohibited, as is also the publication of so-called high art pictures in publications. Heavy punishments are provided.

Alleged Statements Unconfirmed.

LONDON, March 27.—Not a word has been received in London in regard to the alleged statements by Emperor William at the luncheon at Friedrichsruhe that he was determined to dissolve the reichstag, and that General Count von Waldersee would shortly become chancellor.

TEAMOH'S SOUTHERN TRIP.

His Colored Brethren Do Not Regard It in a Very Complimentary Light.

BOSTON, March 27. — Three hundred members of the Colored National league met last night and adopted resolutions condemning the legislative committee on mercantile affairs, of which Robert T. Teamoh is a member, for its alleged discrimination against Teamoh on account of his color. Teamoh himself was also made the subject of very sharp criticism for signing a paper exonerating the committee after their treatment of him.

Ex-Representative Smith was one of the principal speakers. He declared that Teamoh was the Judas of his race, and referred to him as a poodle who sneaked along under the wing of the committee, and accepted an insult which retarded the advancement of his race by at least 25 years. The speech created great excitement.

Rev. W. H. Scott and Hon. W. H. Walker in impassioned speeches commended the committee generally, but Teamoh particularly for his acceptance of the insult to their race. Speakers, in attempting to defend Teamoh's actions in suffering the alleged insult at Richmond, were loudly hissed.

Teamoh himself appeared toward the close of the meeting, and in a speech stated that the reports of his reception by Governor O'Ferrell sent north were written by a prejudiced reporter to excite contention among the colored people of the north. He referred to his past record, which had often been approved by the league.

What China May Cede.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 27.—It is stated on good authority that in addition to the indemnity which will be guaranteed by the provisional occupation of the Chinese territory already occupied by the Japanese, Li Hung Chang is authorized to cede to Japan the Loo-Choo Islands, the Majico-Shima group, the islands of Batan and Babuyan and the island of Formosa. Instructions have been given to Li Hung Chang ordering him to oppose any demand for the cession of territory on the Liao-Tung peninsula. As a last resort he may suggest the conversion of the peninsula into a buffer state between Corea and China, on condition that it be placed under the protection of Russia, France and England.

Officer Had to Skedaddle.

VIENNA, March 27.—In the lower house of the Hungarian diet a returning officer connected with a recent election scandal appeared in the gallery. The members of the Opposition rose in a body and shouted: "Expel him!" "Remove the scoundrel!" "To the gallows with him!" "To the pillory with him!" at the same time beating upon their desks. The uproar was terrific. The president of the chamber tried to pacify the excited members, but found it impossible, until he compelled the obnoxious officer to withdraw.

Another Shortage Discovered.

CHICAGO, March 27.—Another large shortage in the accounts of the Whisky trust has been discovered. Between $350,000 and $450,000, which was paid to the old management as rebates on freight, was not entered on the books. Positive evidence has been secured that the money found its way into the treasury of the trust, but the experts at work on the books have not been able to find any trace of it on the books.

Government Claims a Victory.

PANAMA, March 27.—The government has issued a bulletin claiming a victory over the rebels at Boyaco. It was a costly one, however, for of the 3000 troops under General Reyes, which formed the expedition, 1500 dropped off through fatigue or disease during the march, and of the remaining 1500 who gave battle to the rebels, 700 were killed before the victory rested with the government forces.

Escaped the Gallows.

FREMONT, Neb., March 27. — Charles Carlton was to have been hanged here yesterday for murdering Augusta Gothamn, but the execution was indefinitely postponed at the last moment on a petition from the supreme court to the governor, requesting that on account of vagueness of the evidence sentence be commuted to life imprisonment.

Maggie Tiller's Peculiar Love.

CHICAGO, March 27. — Maggie Tiller (colored) was yesterday condemned to be hanged for the murder of Charles Miller. She became infatuated with a colored woman named Freda Huntington, and was violently jealous of any attentions paid to Freda. The Tiller girl found Freda in company with Charles Miller, and she killed him.

Her Sanity Doubted.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Justice Giegerich has granted an order for a commission to inquire into the mental condition of Mrs. Mary S. Breckinridge, a wealthy woman who was married to a young man 30 years her junior a short time ago, and was on this account committed to Amityville asylum by her relatives.

Christian Scientist Arrested.

KANSAS CITY, March 27.—Mrs. A. J. Baird, a Christian Scientist, is under arrest on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. The attention of the authorities was directed to Mrs. Baird by the death of Harvey M. Bosworth, who had been under the care of Christian Scientists.

Driving a Big Bargain.

LONDON, March 27.—At a meeting today of the British East Africa company, the directors recommended the acceptance of the proposals approved by the government that the Sultan of Zanzibar pay £150,000 for the surrender of the company's concession.

On a Good Mission.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The United States dynamite gunboat Vesuvius went to sea yesterday to continue her work of destroying derelicts. If the weather remains favorable she will extend her cruise along the Long Island shore as far as Montauk.

Kept Secret.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Collector Kilbreth has received from Surveyor McGuire a report of the alleged violation of the quarantine laws committed by Secretary Carlisle. The collector refused to make public the contents of the document.

The Advance of Electricity.

BUFFALO, March 27.—The New York Central railroad is to change its motive power on the Niagara Falls branch from steam to electricity. The distance is 26 miles.

More Government Troops.

HAVANA, March 21.—A further force of 1832 troops arrived here yesterday from Spain. They are quartered in the Havana forts.

From Journalism to Law.

SPRINGFIELD, March 27. — Newspaper men to the number of 50 tendered a farewell banquet last night to F. F. Giddings, editor of The Union, who is to remove to Chicago and practice law.

Injuries May Prove Fatal.

BRADFORD, Vt., March 27.—Alvin, the 12-year-old son of Rev. A. W. Ford, shot himself accidentally with a 32-caliber revolver. The ball entered the breast. His recovery is doubtful.

The Katahdin's Spin.

BATH, March 27.—The harbor defense ram Katahdin had a special cruise over the mile route off Southport yesterday, and the result was pronounced satisfactory by the builders.

Leniency Due to Sickness.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., March 27.—Thomas Wood, who was sentenced in 1889 to eight years in the state prison for arson, has been pardoned because of probably fatal sickness.

Young Smith's Error.

NEW HAVEN, March 27.—Fred T. Smith, son of a well-to-do fish merchant, was arrested yesterday for passing a worthless check for $15 in a grocery store.

GOING TO HAWAII.

Thurston Will Depart Without Awaiting the Formality of a Recall.

WASHINGTON, March 27. — Minister Thurston, in regard to his intended departure for Honolulu, yesterday sent a formal notification of the fact to the state department, naming Frank Hastings, secretary of the legation, as charge d'affaires during his absence. This is in the regular order of diplomatic procedure under the circumstances. Mr. Thurston said that he had heard nothing regarding his recall, if one is desired.

The departure of Mr. Thurston from the United States without being recalled by his government will leave the relations between this government and Hawaii in a peculiar condition. It cannot be said that there is a rupture of diplomatic relations, but they will certainly be severely strained.

It is customary in ordinary cases where a minister leaves the United States permanently for him to present his letters of recall to the president and take his leave. But, as Mr. Thurston has not been recalled, he cannot do this.

Milwaukee in Grasp of Flames.

MILWAUKEE, March 27.—Fire broke out in the building occupied by the A. F. Transfer Furniture company and Landauer & Co., dry goods. Soon the wall fell with a big crash. The clothing house of Barling & Whitbold also caught fire and was destroyed. The flames jumped across Grand avenue and set a row of wooden tenement houses on fire. The firemen and policemen with difficulty saved the occupants. The heat was so intense that the building of the Young Men's Christian association on the other side of Fourth street caught fire, as did the library building. The dry goods house of James Morgan & Co., corner of Third street and Grand avenue, was damaged by water. The total loss will be $1,000,000.

"God Bless Honest Democrats."

NEW YORK, March 27.—Richard Croker sailed for England today. He repeated in a carefully prepared interview the assertion that he is "out of politics." He said among other things: "If an election were to be held tomorrow the Tammany candidates would win by 70,000 votes. The last thing I want to say is God bless the 19,000 Democrats who stood up under the fierce storm which beat against Tammany Hall last fall and voted for honest Democracy."

Cannot Grant Full Demands.

WESTERLY, R. I., March 27.—The Paving Cutters' union, who are now on a strike, was yesterday notified by the Rhode Island Granite Manufacturers' association that the full demands of the men cannot be granted at this time, but that a compromise proposition will soon be submitted.

How Church Folks Want It.

BOSTON, March 27.—At a joint meeting of the members of five church clubs last night, Hon. Herbert S. Carruth delivered an address on "Municipal Reform," and a discussion followed. The abolition of the common council was advocated and the extension of the mayor's term from one to three years.

Press Club's Benefit a Success.

BOSTON, March 27.—The Boston Press club held its annual benefit yesterday before a large audience. The Shoe and Leather minstrels held forth, and 125 voices joined in the chorus. Selections from the Cadet's "Excelsior, Jr.," were given.

Providence Labor Affairs.

PROVIDENCE, March 27.—The weavers of the Providence and the National worsted mills yesterday discussed their grievances. No action was taken, however, as it was deemed advisable to await the action of the district council of the Textile Workers' association. At the Campbell mills the dissatisfied weavers asked for an advance of 3 mills a shuttle extra on all over four, and the demand was granted and the weavers will not strike.

They Differ With Wade.

NEW BEDFORD, March 27.—The Weavers' union adopted resolutions condemning the action of Chief Wade in making the statement that the present inspector was capable of enforcing the provisions of the particulars act as now framed, thus preventing the appointment of a qualified person.

Changes in Newspaperdom.

WINSTED, Conn., March 27.—The Citizen Printing company, publishers of The Daily Citizen and Weekly Leader, yesterday purchased the Winsted Daily and Weekly Herald. The Citizen company will discontinue The Daily Herald, but will issue The Weekly Herald.

Needn't Go to Japan.

PAWTUCKET, March 27. — Henry Koshiva, the young Japanese who was commanded by the Japanese government to return to his native country and do military duty, yesterday received an order from the Imperial government rescinding the first command.

The Law and Order league at Derry, N. H., has resumed its warfare against the liquor business by instituting proceedings against hotel and saloon proprietors under the nuisance act.

Fifteen wood workers employed in the Saco (Me.) Water Power machine shop have given notice that they will go out if their wages are not increased. They are earning about $1 a week.

Journalism Under Difficulties.

COPENHAGEN, March 27.—Herr Noerremoell, an editor in northern Schleswig, has been arrested on the charge of treason for advocating the reunion of northern Schleswig with Denmark.

Victim of Rough Play.

WASHINGTON, March 27. — George D. Bahen, the Georgetown university football player who was injured in a football game, died at the emergency hospital yesterday afternoon.

A Shocking Death.

NEW YORK, March 27.—John Shaw, aged 60, was cut to pieces in a New York Central tunnel yesterday afternoon, two trains passing over his body. It is supposed he fell from the train while passing between two cars.

Honored by France.

PARIS, March 27.—Maurice Kosminski, general agent in Chicago of the French steamship line, has been decorated with the Palmes Academique by the French government.

The Ging Murder Case.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 27. — The case against Claus A. Blixt for the murder of Catherine Ging was called in the district court yesterday and reset for May 14.

Britishers Keeping Tabs.

HONG KONG, March 27.—The British warships Spartan and Red Breast have been ordered to proceed to Formosa immediately.

One of Dover's Oldest Merchants.

DOVER, March 27.—Rufus Haley died yesterday, aged 77 years. Deceased was born in Epping, but came here when young, and had been in the coal and wholesale fruit and commission business for over 50 years.

Won't Leave Bristol.

BRISTOL, R. I., March 27.—Nat Herreshoff is suffering from a relapse. He is being urged to go to Bermuda, but he refuses, because he fears some mistake may be made in the construction of the cup defender.

Old Wages Restored.

PROVIDENCE, March 27.—Strikers at the American Screw company's works were yesterday granted a restoration of the wage list in force before the trouble thereupon. Some of the strikers returned to work.

Inquest to Be Held.

NEW BEDFORD, March 27.—An inquest into the cause of the death of Mrs. Emma Robinson is to be held before Judge Borden. The police are not satisfied with the results of their researches thus far.

Singular Coincidences.

BUFFALO, March 27.—Seven years ago this spring Hattie Penseyres was convicted of murdering her husband. When the verdict was delivered, Mrs. Penseyres rose in the courtroom and cursed the jury. Since then two of the jury which convicted the woman have gone insane, and yesterday, a third, John Koehler, a sewing machine agent, went violently insane.

No Hope For Li Hung Chang.

TOKIO, March 27.—A German physician was sent at the personal request of the mikado to examine Li Hung Chang's wound. After a thorough examination of his patient, the physician is said to have reported confidentially to the mikado that Li Hung Chang must die. Li is 70 years old, and, although a giant physically, his years are against him.

The Douglass Property.

WASHINGTON, March 27. — Rosetta D. Sprague, daughter of Fred Douglass, has filed a petition asking that, pending the granting of letters of administration on the estate, letters of collection shall be issued, to the end that there may be no waste to the property.

A Rough Voyage.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—Schooner Falmouth, from Nuvassa, with phosphate, 20 negro laborers and two white superintendents, arrived yesterday. Last Saturday the vessel was almost wrecked, and all hands narrowly escaped death.

Weak Nerves

Indicate as surely as any physical symptom shows anything, that the organs and tissues of the body are not satisfied with their nourishment.

They draw their sustenance from the blood, and if the blood is thin, impure or insufficient, they are in a state of revolt. Their complaints are made to the brain, the king of the body, through the nervous system, and the result of the general dissatisfaction is what we call Nervousness.

This is a concise, reasonable explanation of the whole matter.

The cure for Nervousness, then, is simple. Purify and enrich your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and the nerves, tissues and organs will have the healthful nourishment they crave. Nervousness and Weakness will then give way to strength and health.

That this is not theory but fact is proven by the voluntary statements of thousands cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read the next column.

"With pleasure I will state that Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me wonderfully. For several months I could not lie down to sleep on account of heart trouble and also

Prostration of the Nerves.

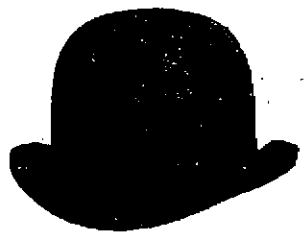
For three years I had been doctoring, but could not get cured. I received relief for a while, but not permanent. Soon after beginning to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there was a change for the better. In a short time I was feeling splendidly. I now rest well and am able to do work of whatever kind. If I had not tried Hood's Sarsaparilla I do not know what would have become of me. I keep it in my house all the time, and other members of the family take it, and all say there is

Nothing Like Hood's

Sarsaparilla. I have highly recommended it and one of my neighbors has commenced taking it. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla at every opportunity." MRS. S. BRADDOCK, 404 Erie Av., Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Be sure to get

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

All the Latest Styles in Spring



—AT—

Nuss, the Hatter's,

140 Thames Street.

M. E. TOBIN,

Fine Millinery,

48 WASHINGTON SQ.,

Is now showing some very smart millinery at one half the original price.

A GUARANTEE OF EXCELLENCE.

THE NAME

Gurney

Used in connection with heating apparatus denotes finest production.

Hot Water Heaters. Steam Boilers and Radiators.

PHILIP F. CONROY,

Gas Light Co.'s Building,

181 Thames Street.

Newport Transfer Express Co.,

Local Baggage and Freight Express.

Special arrangements with the Old Colony railroad and steamboat companies and the Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Company for delivery and for the checking of baggage at residence to destination.

Tickets over these lines on sale at the main office, 33 Bellevue avenue, to New York, Philadelphia Baltimore and Washington and to Boston.

Prompt and personal attention given to all details by E. B. HARRINGTON, Treasurer and General Manager.

I HAVE ANYTHING

You want in Awning Material of best quality. Prices are low at the new store Mill street.

GEO. NASON

THE THAMES.

ANNISTED HURLEY, Practical Painter and Glazier 27½ POND AVENUE.

Old houses and tenements re-painted and made to look like new; this work a specialty.

GODDARD & BARLOW, PRACTICAL Tinsmiths and Metal Workers REAR OF 128 THAMES STREET.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

F. A. ALLAN, Carpenter and Builder 17 WARNER STREET. Shop, - - 7 Caleb Earl Street.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Doors, Sash, Blinds, Window Frames, etc. WEST BROADWAY.

J. D. JOHNSTON, Architect and Builder, Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work Executed with Despatch. Shop, 53 Mill street. P. O. Box 161. | Office, 20 Pelham street Residence, 106 Church

BUILDING STONE. J. B. Cottrell, Warner street, opp. Island Cemetery. Every variety of building stone worked to order.

J. B. ALLEN'S SONS, 9 SHERMAN STREET

House and Sign Painting DECORATING AND PAPER HANGING Strictly first class work at lowest prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Established 1868. Telephone 661-

P. J. MURPHY, PLUMBING, DRAINAGE and VENTILATION. OFFICE AND SHOW ROOM: 161 & 165 Spring street. The latest improved fixtures are set up in show room in complete working order.

Notice!

I HAVE BOUGHT out the plumbing business formerly carried on by Mr. T. F. McCormick and will continue the business at the old stand 6 Mill street.

In connection with the plumbing business I will also do a sewerage and gas fitting business.

I have engaged Mr. McCormick to take the entire charge of the plumbing department.

WM. R. DODGE, 6 Mill Street.

New Lot of Parlor Stoves $3.50 to $14.00. TIN, SHEET IRON and FURNACE WORKERS

Allan Brothers, 19 Spring Street.

For Smoking or Chewing LORILLARD'S Sensation CUT PLUG. IT'S THE BEST.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS

Harness, STABLE FITTINGS, Horse Supplies, Etc., Etc.

356 & 358 Thames Street.

HOTELS.

Hartmann House, A. F. Kinzler, Proprietor. (Formerly of the Hotel Brunswick, N.Y.) 10 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I., Situated on the Fashionable Avenue.

Restaurant a la Carte. Lunches put up for Parties. Elegant Rooms. Moderate Rates. OPEN ALL THE YEAR.

ANTHONY COTTAGE, 125 Church St., near Bellevue Ave., Newport, R. I. Open all ... J. A. GORTON.

THE NAUGATUCK, 12 Washington Square, UP STAIRS. D. J. McGowan, Proprietor. Catering for balls, socials and private parties, either at the hotel or outside. Special attention to private and theatre parties. Furnished rooms to let.

Celebrated Winter Resort. Park Avenue Hotel, AIKEN, S. C. Finest Artesian Water IN THE UNITED STATES. Electric Lights. CHAS. T. KNOWLES. Bay View House, Jamestown, R. I. PROPRIETOR

DRUGGISTS.

WM. H. COTTON. Druggist and Apothecary, OLD No. 145, NEW No. 226 THAMES STREET. NEWPORT, R. I.

Wood's Sarsaparilla, (Dr. King's Formula) The best Spring Medicine.

Geo. A. Wood DRUGGIST, 106 BROADWAY.

Established in 1780. JAS. T. WRIGHT, REGISTERED PHARMACIST.

I am still selling Wright's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, The most valuable remedy in all diseases which require a tonic and alterative treatment. Also Wright's Odontine, A superior preparation for the teeth.

TRY DOWNING'S SPECIAL COMPOUND for that Cough and Hack.

This preparation will positively cure Coughs, Colds, Influenza and all affections of the throat and lungs.

PREPARED ONLY BY Downing Brothers, 42 & 44 BROADWAY.

MISS TOWNSEND Desires to inform her patrons and all others interested in MASSAGE and remedial movements, that she is prepared to give scientific treatment and careful attention to all consulting her. Refers by permission to Dr. Douglas Graham of Boston, Mass. Address 18 Rhode Island avenue, Newport, R. I.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

SEASONABLE NOTES.

Who would have believed even ten years ago what the outcome of the cry against club life would be. A club man used to be something to be reformed. If a story-writer wished a pathetic touch he set his heroine down all alone at home while the husband was at his club. And the rescue of the hero from this deleterious place furnished the theme for many a novelette.

But in real life it did not work that way. On the contrary the man who knew club-life seldom gave it up, and woman first had her curiosity aroused, and then her interest, and has become a club person herself. It sometimes looks as if the over-filling of homes with bric-a-brac and all sorts of luxurious furnishing had the tendency to crowd the family out. It is a relief to get away from so much responsibility.

Certain it is that we are insensibly gliding into another kind of life, one that bears little relation to the old idea of the wife as the housekeeper, white-aproned, and sitting with her mending basket late into the night, listening to the quiet breathing from little beds where her jewels sleep. There is still some of that, but it is one extreme, and the other is illustrated by the young wife and mother who went out to a ladies' dinner in New York last week. She paused, on her way to the carriage, at the door of the library where her husband sat, and said:

"I dine with Mrs. Blank tonight, and will drop into the club about ten. If you are there we'll come home together."

"Well, this is a case of advanced woman," exclaimed the husband. "Are you satisfied that you have your rights now?"

"Not quite. Satisfaction will come when I can once sit in a public hall at a woman's dinner, and be conscious of you and all the other husbands sitting up in the galleries watching us eat the good things, and waiting for our after-dinner speeches. See that Marie is near the baby before you leave."

There are numerous mutual clubs now in New York, where men and women share equally in the privileges of the clubhouse. The entrance is most carefully guarded, and the membership of each confined to a certain clique. Sunday has generally been a light day for those clubs, but a recent innovation in one may change that. Club-life is considered too delightful to be utterly denied to children, and so bread and milk is to be set out in this club on Sunday afternoons, and parents will end the stroll with the children by bringing them in for a slight feast.

"I don't know that it is exactly the Puritan idea of bringing up children," said one mother and club-woman in a hesitating tone that brought out a hearty laugh from her hearers, and a sudden realization of the sharp contrast between Puritan habits and those of this day.

The pendulum has swung far from the idea that a child must not look out of the window on Sunday, must read only the Bible and a certain class of books, and must abstain from play, and work, except the learning by heart of hymns and Bible chapters, and prayers and words bequeathed us by the holy dead.

But who facing the subject calmly, and alone, and not arguing it with a Sabbath-lover, can deny an inward conviction that little John and Mary of the Sunday afternoon club-meet have less prospect of future happiness and peace here and beyond than the little Puritan John and Mary. As to the making of a noble man and woman out of the first two, and the hope of a pair that will climb high enough spiritually not to be clogged into mediocrity by earthiness, there is simply not a chance compared to what there was with the little Puritan children.

Yes, it may be old-fashioned—when prominent clergymen are urging the opening the saloons on Sunday so that the poor man can get, what makes and keeps him a poor man, his solacing drink, and when parents are tenderly leading the babes to the children's Sunday club meetings—it is old-fashioned to turn with longing to the thought of the early John and Mary spending the afternoon of the Sabbath learning some such verses as hold that hymn of all hymns, the dearest of hymns, the one that Bernard of Cluni left us.

Think of the bread and milk and the dainty children together, with the courteous fathers and mothers, and all the pretty talk, and pretty ways, and the effect on after life.

And then see what the little Puritans had emptied into their minds for future use. This is what they were learning by heart Sunday afternoons a hundred years ago.

That peace—but who may claim it?
The guileless in their way,
Who keep the ranks of battle,
Who mean the things they say—
The peace that is for heaven,
And shall be for the earth;
The palace that re-echoes
With festal song and mirth;
The garden breathing spices,
The paradise on high;
Grace beautified to glory
Unceasing minstrelsy.

There nothing can be feeble,
There none can ever mourn;
There nothing is divided,
There nothing can be torn.
'Tis fury, ill and scandal,
'Tis peaceless peace below;
Peace, endless, strifeless, ageless,
The halls of Syon know.

O happy, holy portion,
Reflection for the best,
True vision of true beauty,
Sweet cure of all distress!
Strive man, to win that glory;
Toil, run, to gain that light;
Send hope before to grasp it,
Till hope be lost in sight;
Till Jesus give the portion
Those blessed souls to fill—
The insatiate, yet satisfied,
The full, yet craving still.

* * *

And through the sacred lilies
And flowers on every side,
The happy dear-bought people
Go wandering far and wide,
Their breasts are filled with gladness,
Their mouths are tuned to praise,
What time, now safe forever,
On former sins they gaze.

* * *

And there is David's fountain,
And life in full cast flow;
And there the light is golden,
And milk and honey flow—
The light that hath no evening,
But taketh evermore.

* * *

O mine, my golden Syon!
O dweller far than gold,
With laurel-girt battalions
And safe victorious fold!
O sweet and blessed Country,
Shall I ever see thy face?
O sweet and blessed Country,
Shall I ever win thy grace?
I have the hope within me
To comfort and to bless!
Shall I ever win the prize itself?
O tell me, tell me, Yes!

The Puritan idea of bringing up children was more to teach them of a Celestial Country ahead than to teach them that this could be made a heavenly world if company manners were properly cultivated. And we all know the first idea to be as true as the last is hopeless. And children are quick to see between the true and the false, and to respect us according to what we give them.

THE CUP DEFENDER TO BE BUILT OF MANGANESE BRONZE.

When Mr. C. Oliver Iselin of the cup defender syndicate was asked yesterday if there was anything in reference to the new boat that he wished to make public, he looked up his questioner with something like a frown on his face and a snap in his eye. "I don't believe," he slowly responded, "that I can tell you newspaper men anything. You evidently know all that I know about the boat, and more, too." But his frown was only a make-believe, and the snap in his eye changed to a twinkle as he continued: "But I don't know that you have done us very much harm or given any information of value to our friends, the enemy. There have been so many and diversified statements regarding the dimensions of the boat made public that I guess pretty much everybody is as far at sea as ever. Tom, speaking seriously, Mr Iselin stated, as he has before, that he would be very glad to give out all the information in his possession regarding the cup defender to the American public, if it would go no farther. But the information would be valuable to the designer of the Valkyrie, and for that reason secrecy was absolutely necessary.

Mr. Iselin deplored the fact that newspaper men on the other side were not so active in obtaining information regarding either the Valkyrie or the Allas. He said there was no positive knowledge as to even of what metal the Valkyrie is to be constructed, and details of the dimensions and sail area of the Allas have not been officially promulgated.

There was one bit of information regarding the cup defender which he was willing should now be known, and in giving it he settles a much mooted question. The boat is to be built of manganese bronze. This information will doubtless cause genuine surprise, and it emphasizes more than anything else could the fact that the secrets of the new boat's construction have been well kept. It was hinted that manganese bronze was to be used, but the preponderence of evidence indicated that aluminum bronze was the metal, and the evidence was generally accepted as conclusive.

Manganese bronze is largely used for propellers for ocean steamers. It is non-corrosive and has remarkable non-friction properties. Mr. Iselin said that manganese bronze was selected on account of its hardness and great strength, in addition to its non-corrosive and non-friction properties. It is also lighter than Tobin bronze, and as the America's cup race is likely to be a matter of seconds, it is policy to take the best he could get.

He spoke highly in praise of Tobin bronze, the metal with which the Vigilant is plated. He said it made a difference of fully five minutes in the time of the Vigilant, and did all that was expected of it. To show how finely the cup defender syndicate has figured, he said that the manganese bronze plates would be smoother than the Tobin bronze plates, because the rolls through which the manganese has been run are new, whereas the Tobin bronze rolls are two years old, and thereby there would be some difference. He said, of course, new rolls would have made a difference. The reporter said nothing about the increased cost—money is no object in the building of the boat that will defend the America's cup from the foreigner.

Mr. Iselin laughed when the reporter intimated that the public had supposed that aluminum bronze was to be used. "We haven't been asleep during the past two years," he said; "and we know what the action of salt water is on aluminum alloys."—[Providence Journal.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Hope Lodge, No. 3, Knights of Pythias, has elected the following officers for the ensuing six months:

Past Chancellor—John A. Cutrell.
Chancellor Commander—Albon L. Anderson.
Vice Commander—Andrew W. Lodkey.
Prelate—Tobias Edwards.
Master of Finance—Edward C. Richards.
Master of Exchequer—Andrew J. Tabb.
Keeper of Records and Seals—Daniel B. Gardner.
Master of Arms—William Sutler.
Inner Guard—Edward A. Johnson.
Outer Guard—Henry L. Lewis.

Deputy Grand Chancellor E. C. Richards will install the newly-elected officers at the next meeting of the lodge, Tuesday, April 9.

THE NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

The naval construction board, consisting of Chief Constructor Hichborn, Engineer-in-Chief Melville and Commodores Sampson and Chadwick, which has under consideration the various bids opened February 19 for three sea-going torpedo boats, has made five alternate recommendations to Secretary Herbert, as follows:

First—All three boats might be awarded to the Columbian Iron Works, Baltimore, at their bid of $97,500 each for the three boats.

Second—Two to the same company at their bid of $103,000 each, and the other to the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, at $135,000.

Third—Two to the Columbian Iron Works at $103,000 each, and one to the Herreshoffs of Bristol, R. I., at $113,850, the latter boat guaranteed to have a speed of twenty-five knots, all the others having but twenty-four and one half, according to the original specifications.

Fourth—One to the Columbian Iron Works at $107,000, one to the Union Iron Works at $135,000, and one to Enoch Ramsay of Perth Amboy, N. J., at $126,000.

Fifth—Two to the Columbian Iron Works at $103,000 each, and to accept the proposal of the Union Iron Works to build a 240-ton boat with a guaranteed speed of twenty eight knots, for $243,000.

The latter vessel would be 100 tons larger than the others, and her completion, including equipment, could not be accomplished without exceeding the appropriation allowed for the three vessels, the amount available for their construction and equipment being only $450,000.

The construction board decided that none of the special designs submitted to the department, some of which involved bronze hulls and aluminum bracing, were worthy of consideration, and determined that the departmental specifications for all steel vessels should prevail. The supplemental bid filed last Saturday from the Herreshoffs, guaranteeing a twenty-five knot boat, will probably be among those accepted.

THE GOD OF FORTUNE.

The Chinese deity of fortune is always represented as a jolly god, and the rich votive offerings which cover his altars are speaking testimonials to his popularity. On the second of the second month a special festival is held in his honor, on which occasion his temples are crowded with worshippers, who manifest a devoutness which is strangely wanting in the services offered to the less material deities. Feasts of fat things are greedily presented to secure his favor, and, not content with leaving the fats on the knees of the god, his practical minded worshippers seek to lift the veil which conceals his counsels from mankind. For this purpose they adopt a curious device. In some open space or market square a large wooden cannon, loaded with a small charge of powder and a circular rattan wad, is fired perpendicularly into the air. As the wad descends, the surrounding crowd struggle to catch it, in the belief that he who is successful will enjoy the blessings of peace and plenty during the ensuing year.—[Good Words.

AMBITION.

A youth, in the bloom of his manhood, lay
In indolent grace on the shining sand,
And gazed out on the silvery bay,
As it dashed its foam on a distant strand.

The southern breeze disturbed his curls
As it kissed his brow, in its balmy way;
And the spirit of winds its wings unfurled,
As it danced on the waves to the dash of the spray.

"My life is a dream," he said, with a smile,
"Of pleasure and ease, and all that is fair!"
And he paused—"But I must have fame," he said,
And he sprang to his feet with a resolute air.

The breeze caressed, and the winds danced on,
And the waves threw off their laughing spray;
But the youth drew back, with a gesture of scorn,
And the man of ambition went up from the bay!

—[Lydia B. Walsh, in Home and Country.

FANCIES.

Japan asks $250,000,000 from China. This is probably the heaviest bill for traveling expenses ever rendered.—[Chicago Dispatch.

Castleton—Is it true that Miss Witherly referred to me as an agnostic.

Clubberly—She said you didn't know anything.—[Life.

Teacher—Tommy, what was the name of the wife of Napoleon?

Tommy—It—I—it wasn't Trilby, was it?—[Cincinnati Tribune.

When Dublin Cathedral was reopened, after restoration at the expense of a Mr. Wise, the archbishop took for his text: "Go thou and do like Wise."—[Tit-Bits.

Stealing the livery of heaven to serve the devil in. "What in Satan's name are you doing now?"

"Sh! I'm doing it in the name of morality."—[Boston Transcript.

Alberta—I believe you call yourself an advanced woman, dear?

Aleiana—Yes, love.

Alberta (sweetly)—Then you may tip the waiter, dear.—[Judge.

Just Before the Dawn. Jaggers (weakly facetious)—Th—Think I was a burglar, m' dear?

Mrs. Jaggers—No! A burglar wouldn't have taken half the time to get in!—[Puck.

Jameson (finding Stimson at his boarding-house breakfast table)—Hello, Stimson, what has made you settle here?

Stimson (mournfully)—Because, dear boy, I was unable to settle at my last place.—[Brooklyn Life.

"Henry," said Mrs. Paddington to her husband; "I wonder if it wouldn't be a good idea for us to raise our own vegetables, and save what they'd cost in market."

"No," replied Henry. "Times are too hard. We've got to economize."—[Washington Star.

O'Brien—Poor Doherty! He's so short-sighted he's bound to work himself to death.

O'Grady—Phwat has bein' short-sighted to do with it?

O'Brien—Whoy, he can't see when the boss ain't lookin', an' has to keep shovellin' away all the time!—[Puck.

PERSONALS.

....Brigadier General William Smith, paymaster of the United States army, was placed on the retired list yesterday, having reached the age of sixty-four years.

....Rev. Nicolas S. Dickey, who died in Indianapolis recently, was one of the pioneer Presbyterian ministers of Indiana, having labored in that state for forty-three years.

....Mme. Camilla Collett, one of the best-known women writers in Norway, and leader of the woman's movement in that country, died the other day in Christiania. She was eighty-two years old.

....Word comes from Borneo that the two Swiss explorers, Messrs. Sarasin, who have been in Borneo two years, have made most valuable discoveries and have visited certain islands never before explored by Europeans.

....R. E. Fenton, only son of the late Governor Reuben E. Fenton of New York, died recently in Naples, Italy, of typhoid fever. He was twenty-nine years of age, and was one of the leading business men of Jamestown, N. Y. He had been spending the winter abroad. Reuben E. Fenton attended the public schools of Jamestown until he entered St. John's Military School, at Manlius, and his education was finished at Brown University. His taste for the military was pronounced, and upon his return to Jamestown he was offered the command of the Fenton Guards (named after his father), but chose rather to serve as first lieutenant. A year ago he resigned and went abroad. Last year he was chairman of the executive committee of the Republican organization in Jamestown.

....The Taunton Gazette contributes the following to the "oldest printer" record: "Christopher A. Hack, of C. A. Hack & Son, was born December 19, 1806. He began his apprenticeship in the office of the Columbian Reporter, printed by S. W. Mortimer, April 16, 1825. Consequently, it will be seventy years on the 15th of April next since he began learning the printing business. Two years later Mortimer retired from the business, leaving the office to Mr. Hack and a fellow apprentice, the late Edmund Anthony, of the New Bedford Standard, to print the paper for Jacob Chapin, the then proprietor. They continued to print the paper for two years, at which time Mr. Chapin took them into partnership under the firm name of J. Chapin, Hack & Anthony, in 1829. Mr. Hack is still in active business, but his principal activity consists in going to the office, where he sits in an easy chair, leaving the management of the business to his son."

SAVE THE COMMON.

An outcry has been raised in Boston that the rapid transit commission contemplates the mutilation and cutting down of the sacred elms on the Tremont and Boylston mall of the Common. When the question of a route for the subway was under consideration by the legislature, the friends of the people's recreation ground were promised that its trees would not be touched. All lovers of trees will share the natural indignation of the aroused Bostonians when they read the following details of the proposed vandalism:

"Between Park street and Temple place there are six trees which have reached a venerable age. Opposite Temple place there is a group of sturdy English elms of massive growth and individuality, and these are marked for the general slaughter. From Temple place south to Boylston street the prospect in summer time is as fair a one as one would wish to see, for there the spreading boom makes two long vernal alley-ways. There is a large growth of sturdy middle-aged trees, and eleven others which, by their size and age, belong to the venerable class. The trees have long made this section of the walk the admiration of all visitors, and on the rude stone benches in their shade rich man and beggar alike have sat down to watch the passing show. Here it was, rumor has it, that Wendell Phillips used to sit and wait during the long summer days, and the Autocrat, after taking the 'long walk' with the little school teacher is credited with having rested for a time. The destroying line is then to be extended up Boylston street, where a large number of trees will come under the ban, and then, as said, the Boylston street walk of the Public Garden will be deprived of shade and comfort, and made as hot and uncomfortable as a sand bath in the Sahara."

It is now recalled that Professor Sargent of the Arnold Arboretum predicted that the subway would kill every tree within twenty feet of it. The friends of the Common are called upon to rally and by public protest prevent the spoliation.—[New York Post.

"Success is the reward of merit" not of assumption. Popular appreciation is what tells in the long run. For fifty years people have been using Ayer's Sarsaparilla and today it is the blood-purifier most in favor with the public. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures.

Relief for Rheumatism.

"This information," said a well known physician to a correspondent of the TELEGRAM, "may save many lives; at any rate it will prove an invaluable boon to people suffering from rheumatism in any form."

"Rheumatism is caused by acidity of the blood. It should never be neglected. This remedy, as I know by long practice, is very efficacious, and it is as simple as it is powerful.

"Here it is," he added, "when a rheumatic twinge is experienced, the patient should buy a bottle of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and take one teaspoonful in milk or water to suit the action of the bowels, three times a day, and continue daily until the last vestige of the malady has disappeared. That's all, but if taken as I have prescribed, it will save many doctors' bills, to say nothing of pains, aches and swell legs. I have never known it to fail."—[Albany, N. Y., Telegram.

BICYCLES.

Ben Hur Bicycle.

Weight from 22 to 24 pounds.

Price, - - - $65.00

Call and see 22 pound sample.

CEO. W. SMITH,

Agent and Repairer,

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Call and see the

New Columbia Bicycle

We sell the best for $100.

Weight from 17 to 21 lbs.

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE,

AGENTS,

132 THAMES STREET.

RETURN OF

Dr. Clarke Stanley,

THE WONDERFUL

HERB SPECIALIST!



Doctors Wholly with Roots and Herbs.

HE SUCCESSFULLY TREATS ALL THE DISEASES.

His Specialties are

RHEUMATISM

In all its forms;

NEURALGIA

And all nerve troubles.

He cures Deafness, Sore Eyes, and all diseases pertaining to the eyes; Cross Eyes Straightened; Scums and Cataracts taken from the eyes without causing any pain. He also successfully treats all Lung Troubles. A positive cure for Asthma and Catarrh no matter how long standing. He also treats all Throat Troubles. If you are troubled with **Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney Complaint, or bladder Troubles,** call upon Dr. Clarke Stanley and he will give you immediate relief, and in a few days will give you a permanent cure. Tape Worms can be removed in a few hours without causing pain or sickness. Children having rats can be cured by the Doctor's herbal remedy. Consultation and advice free on all occasions.

Office at United States Hotel, Thames and Pelham Sts., entrance on Pelham.

Excelsior, Casks, Cases, Kegs, Barrels, etc.,

For packing purposes,

—AT—

H. A. THORNDIKE'S,

65 & 67 BRIDGE STREET.

Oranges, Lemons,

Figs, Nuts, Dates,

Oysters and Clams,

—AT—

WILLIAMSON'S,

196 & 198 THAMES STREET.

Comfort for Sore Feet.

The Bunion Shoe.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

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WANTED!

A Good Second-hand Coupe Rockaway.

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TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.

Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Sunday, Oct. 14, 1894, trains will leave Newport for Boston, week days, 7:55, 10:15 a m, 1:00, 2:55, 5:30, a9:15 p m. Return, 5:45 8:30, a9:30 a m, 12:00 m, 3:40, 4:35, a5:10, b6:00 p m. Middletown and Portsmouth Grove (flag stops) 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55, 5:30 p m. Portsmouth, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55, 5:30 p m. Bristol Ferry, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 1:00, 2:55, 5:30, 9:15 p m. Tiverton, Fall River and Taunton, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 1:00, 2:55, 5:30, c9:15 p m. Middleboro', 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55, 5:30 p m. Cape Cod, 7:35, a m, 2:55 p m. Plymouth, 7:35 a m, 2:55 p m. New Bedford, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55, 5:30 p m. Fitchburg and Southern Connection Division, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55 p m. Lowell, 7:35 a m, 2:55 p m. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7:35, 10:15 a m. Nantucket, 7:35 a m. Providence, 7:35, 10:15 a m, 2:55, 5:30 p m. Return, 7:45, 9:55 a m, 12:05, 4:20, d6:30 p m.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6:00 p m; return 4:30 a m. Middletown, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, and New Bedford, 6:00 p m.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River
d Boat from Fall River.
e From the wharf. No tickets sold at wharf

J. R. KENDRICK, 2d Vice President, Boston.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston
R. G. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. M. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

PROVIDENCE,

Week days only at 8 A. M. Leave Providence for Newport week days only at 4 P. M.

☞Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Monday; only each way.

All freight must be delivered at wharf 30 minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.

A. LIVINGSTON MASON, General Manager.

1894 TIME TABLE 1894

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after November 8, 1894.

Steamer Conanicut,

Between Newport and Jamestown

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown, 6:15, 8:15, 10:45 A. M.; 1:30, 3:30, 5:00 P. M. Sundays 9:45 A. M.; 4 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6:45, 9:30 A. M.; 12:00 M., 2:45, 4:15, 5:30 P. M., except Wednesdays and Saturdays, when the boat will wait for arrival of boat from Providence. Sundays 10:15 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

FALL RIVER LINE.

Fares reduced, only $2.00 to New York

for limited tickets. Reduced rates to all points beyond New York.

Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission.

Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.

Returning, steamers leave New York from Pier 28 (old No.) N. R., foot of Murray street, week days only at 5:00 P. M. Eastward steamer touches at Newport at 3:15 A. M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames Street, J. J. Greene, Ticket Agent.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Passenger Traffic Manager
O. H. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, New York.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12:30 P. M.; returning leave Block Island Monday, Wednesday and Fridays at 8:30 A. M., weather permitting.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.

FROM

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday

at 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the Old Colony Railroad and connecting roads.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

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E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." Nov. 1, 1894.

LEAVE		AM	PM	PM
Newport		10 00	4 30	*8 00
Providence, arrive		12 00	6 13	9 55
Boston, "		1 15	7 30	11 00
New York		4 30	11 00	B
LEAVE	NIGHT.	AM	PM	PM
New York	*12 00	....	5 00	1 00
Boston	....	....	10 00	8 00
Providence	....	6 40	11 13	5 06
Newport, arrive	8 35	8 35	1 00	7 00
	AM	AM	PM	PM

*Saturdays excepted. This train runs through to Providence and connects with 8:40 A. M. train for Newport.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:42 A. M.

†Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia Baltimore and Washington without change. Also connects at Providence with mail train due in New York at 7 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room seats apply to Steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co's office, 35 Bellevue avenue.

C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Muenchinger-King Cottage

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage opposite Newport Reading Room,

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND.

The Robinson, 12, 14 and 16 Catherine Street.

The above well-known and long-established house, having been recently enlarged and improved, is now ready for permanent and transient guests. MRS. E. J. ROBINSON, Manager and Owner.

Topsy Turvy

—AT—

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Only One Cent.

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Shortest and most convenient route to London. No transfer by tender. No tidal delays. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris, by special fast twin screw channel steamers.

Paris.....Mar 27, 11 A M | New York, April 10, 11 A M
Berlin.....April 3, 11 A M | Paris.....April 17, 11 A M

RED STAR LINE.

FOR ANTWERP.

Westernland.....Wednesday, Mar. 27, 4 P M
Noordland.....Wednesday, April 3, 11 A M

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO
6 Bowling Green, New York

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
PROVIDENCE, February 28, 1895.

SIR:—At the present session of the General Assembly, begun and holden at Providence on the 28th day of January, 1895, a resolution in the words following was this day adopted, viz.:

Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State.

Resolved, A majority of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly voting therefor, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be proposed to the qualified electors of the State, in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII of the Constitution, for their adoption, to be denominated "Article —— of Amendments," to wit:

"ARTICLE ——.

"SECTION 1. The senate shall consist of one senator from each town or city in the State. The lieutenant-governor shall preside in the senate and in grand committee. The presiding officer of the senate and grand committee shall have a right to vote in case of equal division, but not otherwise.

"SEC. 2. If, by reason of death, resignation, absence, or other cause, there be no lieutenant-governor present to preside in the senate, the senate shall elect one of its own members to preside during such absence or vacancy; and until such election is made by the senate, the secretary of state shall preside. The senate shall have authority to elect its secretary and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

"SEC. 3. The house of representatives shall never exceed seventy-two members, and shall be constituted on the basis of population, always allowing one representative for a fraction exceeding half the ratio; but each town or city shall always be entitled to at least one member; and no town or city shall have more than one-sixth of the whole number of members to which the house is hereby limited. The present ratio shall be one representative to every four thousand three hundred and twenty-three inhabitants, and the general assembly may, after any new census taken by the authority of the United States or of this State, re-apportion the representation by altering the ratio. The general assembly may by law from time to time in its discretion, when requested so to do by vote of the city council of any city, apportion the representatives to which such city is or may hereafter be entitled, among the several wards in such city, and the representatives so apportioned shall be voted for and elected only by the electors in the ward or wards to which they are apportioned: *Provided, however*, that each ward in any city so apportioned shall, if the number of representatives to which such city is entitled equals the number of wards, have at least one representative; but no town shall be divided into districts for the choice of representatives.

"SEC. 4. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney general, general treasurer, senators and representatives, shall be elected biennially at the town, ward or district meetings to be held on the first Wednesday of April in each alternate year, and shall severally hold their offices for two years from the last Tuesday of May next succeeding said first Wednesday of April, and until others are legally chosen and duly qualified to fill their places. If elected or qualified after the said last Tuesday of May, they shall hold their offices for the remainder of the two years ensuing said last Tuesday of May, and until their successors are qualified to act.

"SEC. 5. Section 9 of Article VII, "Of the Executive Power," Section 8 of Article VIII, "Of Elections," and Article XIII "Of Amendments," are hereby amended by striking out the word "annual" wherever it occurs in all the above named sections and in Article XIII of the Constitution, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "biennial."

"SEC. 6. The general assembly may provide by law for the continuance in office of any officers of election or appointment until other persons are qualified to take their places.

"SEC. 7. The first election under this Article shall be had on the first Wednesday of April next following the adoption thereof, as provided by Article XIII of the Constitution of the State.

"SEC. 8. This amendment shall take in the Constitution of the State, the place of Section 1 of Article V "Of the House of Representatives," which section is hereby annulled; of Article VI "Of the Senate," which article is here annulled; of Section 1 of Article VIII "Of Elections," which is hereby annulled; of Section 16 of Article IV, which is hereby annulled; and also of the word "annual" wherever it occurs in the several sections, and in Article XIII, referred to in Section 5 of this Amendment."

The names of all the members who voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, are as follows, viz.:

In the Senate.

YEAS.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor,	
Mr. Andrew J. Anthony,	East Providence
" Charles J. Arms,	East Greenwich
" Albert S. Babcock,	Hopkinton
" Edward A. Brown,	Middletown
" Christopher E. Champlin,	New Shoreham
" Joseph C. Church,	Charlestown
" Benjamin Brown,	Warren
" Edward P. Dutemple,	Exeter
" Edward F. Dyer,	Portsmouth
" E. Charles Francis,	Woonsocket
" Edward L. Freeman,	Lincoln
" Frederick B. Gifford,	Little Compton
" William Gregory,	North Kingstown
" William Hoxsey,	Westerly
" John Jencks,	Barrington
" Alfred W. Kenyon,	Richmond
" Sylvester K. Merrill,	Cranston
" Henry C. Osborn,	Tiverton
" Ira H. Parkis,	North Smithfield
" John Hare Powel,	Newport
" Walter A. Read,	Gloucester
" William G. Roelker,	Warwick
" Martin S. Smith,	Scituate
" Charles M. Tyler,	Coventry
" Jesse V. B. Watson,	South Kingstown
" Thomas C. Watson,	Jamestown
" Andrew B. Whipple,	Smithfield
" Andrew J. Wilcox,	North Providence
" John C. B. Woods,	Providence
" James M. Wright,	Foster
Yeas, 31.	
Nays, 0.	

In the House of Representatives.

YEAS.

Mr. Speaker Samuel W. K. Allen,	East Greenwich
" William Duane Aldrich,	Lincoln
" John Barnes,	Cumberland
" George E. Barstow,	Providence
" George Batchelor,	Woonsocket
" B. Courtland Bentley,	Westerly
" Philippe Boucher,	Woonsocket
" John E. Bowen,	Tiverton
" Isaac Brown,	Tiverton
" William P. Buffum,	Newport
" Daniel W. Bullock,	Pawtucket
" Charles H. Burdick,	Newport
" Albert W. Burgess,	Foster
" William W. Congdon,	North Kingstown
" William H. Covell,	Providence
" Myron Fish,	Lincoln
" John M. Fournier,	Lincoln
" Charles C. Gray,	Providence
" Samuel B. Gray,	Little Compton
" James B. Hannaford,	Warwick
" Henry D. Heydon,	Warwick
" Frank E. Hobbes,	Woonsocket
" Jeremiah W. Horton,	Newport
" Richard G. Howland,	Scituate
" John K. Hull,	South Kingstown
" Edwin A. Kenyon,	Charlestown
" John T. Kenyon,	Johnston
" Charles D. Kimball,	Providence
" John B. Landers,	Jamestown
" Lafayette E. Mowry,	Smithfield
" Joseph H. Munro,	Providence
" Samuel L. Peck,	Warren
" Thomas C. Peckham,	Coventry
" Edwin A. Perrin,	Pawtucket
" C. Alvin Potter,	Cranston
" John W. Rogers,	Newport
" Henry T. Root,	Providence
" John M. Rounds,	Providence
" Livingston Scott,	Woonsocket
" William P. Sheffield, Jr.,	Newport
" George W. Simmons,	Bristol
" George Lewis Smith,	Barrington
" William V. Stocum,	Warwick
" Edward Stanley,	Cranston
" John Stanton,	Richmond
" Job Steere,	Glocester
" Benjamin Tallman,	Portsmouth
" Edward Thayer,	Pawtucket
" Philo E. Thayer,	Pawtucket
" William V. Tillinghast,	Exeter
" A. Herbert Ward,	Middletown
" Ellery H. Wilson,	East Providence
" George F. Varney,	North Smithfield
Yeas, 53.	

NAYS.

Mr. Arthur Cushing,	North Providence
" Arlon M. Razee,	Cumberland
Nays, 2.	

CHARLES P. BENNETT,
Secretary of State.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS, AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year; Journal, $3.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 6417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 6417-3

The first edition of the Daily News is printed in season for the early afternoon trains and for its carry in Middletown and Portsmouth.
The second edition contains the latest telegraphic and local news, and is delivered by office carriers throughout the entire city.
The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $3 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Advertisements, without special position $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.
Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.
Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.
The News has six steam presses and had a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1895.

GOVERNOR MORTON'S SPECIAL MESSAGE.

It is pretty evident that Governor Morton is becoming disgusted with the work of the Platt machine in New York. He has sent a special message to the Albany legislature, in which he urges the early passage of the New York city police re-organization bills, which have been hung up for several months by the chairman of the very committee whose investigations proved their necessity.

The governor calls especial attention to a needed re-organization and reform of the lower criminal courts of the city. Ten weeks, he says, have elapsed since a bill having this object in view was introduced in both houses, but the measure has not yet been passed by either. Unless prompt action is taken, there is danger that it may fail to become a law. Such a result would be a public misfortune in the opinion of Mr. Morton, as well as of all others familiar with the situation.

In such a case as this there should be no politics, and especially none of a merely personal character. It is said to be well known that in some of the present police courts of New York city there is today a practical denial of justice. The serious charges concerning the police courts made in the report of the Lexow committee call for speedy action. It is to these inferior criminal courts that the poor, especially, look for protection from oppression and wrong. The governor states that the bill to which reference is made was introduced in the senate by the chairman of the investigating committee above mentioned. Its object is to create an improved system of inferior criminal courts and to give the people a new board of police magistrates. This legislation is a necessary step toward municipal reform. But Boss Platt will yield nothing. Unless he can himself direct and control the re-organization, so that it shall still be a political machine, he insists that nothing shall be done. But it is to be hoped that the appeal of the governor may have some effect upon enough of the country members to enable the work which all honest men desire to be accomplished.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

The session of the New England Southern Conference in Providence, to be held next week, is an occasion of much interest to all the Methodist Episcopal churches and pastors. According to the law of the church, every minister's term of service expires during the session, and it remains for the bishop and his advisers to re-appoint the clergymen to their present fields or assign them to new parishes, as may be thought desirable. No pastor can remain longer than five consecutive years in one parish, and as a matter of fact comparatively few reach that limit. And it is true that the average term of pastoral service in none of the Protestant churches in America covers a period so long as five years. The official figures show that several other denominations, taking the country together, now change their ministers more frequently than do the Methodists.

So far as our local churches are concerned, it is understood that Rev. Dr. Bass will remain at the First church, for his fourth year, and that Rev. Mr. Cady will go to Providence, though who is to be his successor at Thames street is not determined. The churches in Portsmouth and Middletown will each have new pastors, but their identity is not known. The New Bedford Standard is authority for the opinion that Rev. F. J. Cooper, formerly of Middletown, is to go to the County Street Church in New Bedford. Rev. Mr. Benton is eligible for the presiding eldership of this district for one more year, but is likely to retire, much to the regret of all the churches. As a rule all these changes are effected by consultation between churches and ministers through the proper channels, but no arrangement is final until the announcement is made by the bishop at the close of the conference session. Another peculiarity of the Methodist plan is that every minister belonging to the conference must have a place, and every church be supplied with a pastor.

THE SILVER REPUBLICANS.

It is said that the silver Republicans, no matter what may happen, do not intend to leave the party unless they are turned out. And they are too numerous, East and West, to be treated in that way. A writer in the Chicago Herald-Times says:

"I am able, on the highest authority, to give a synopsis of the program of the silver Republicans of the Western states in next year's Presidential campaign. Their policy is to make every effort within their power to secure the adoption of the silver platform and the nomination of a silver candidate in their national convention. Failing in this, as they rather expect to fail, they will still remain in the Republican party, supporting candidates for local offices in their respective states and keeping well within the party lines. They will nominate Republicans for Presidential electors, but instruct the electors to vote only for a silver man for President. In this way they hope to throw the election for President into the House of Representatives, where they are sure the silver men will be able to control a majority of the state delegates and to elect a President who is friendly to their cause. By this policy they hope to maintain their sympathy for the Republican party so far as their own states are concerned, this being important to them from an individual as well as from a party point of view."

A FISHY STORY.

The lawyer who defended Mrs. Surratt, who was tried and executed as one of the conspirators against the life of Abraham Lincoln, and at whose house Booth and his associates held their meetings previous to the assassination, comes out once more with a protestation of her innocence. He says he had collected convincing evidence of the fact, and was about ready to divulge it, when his house took fire and all the papers were destroyed. He also tells a remarkable story of what a Catholic priest knew about it, but which he is now unable to substantiate because the venerable clergyman has recently died. It is a pity that the two men who knew so much did not declare themselves without waiting thirty years for death and fire to make it impossible to prove what is asserted.

Such a story will be taken with a large discount. We do not believe the priest ever made such statements as are ascribed to him, for if what is said by the lawyer is true the clergyman owed it to the memory of his parishioner and to the public to speak long ago. Nor is there any reason for believing that the evidence claimed to have been burned had any existence in fact. The story is too inconsistent on its face to be believed.

THURSTON AND WILLIS.

It is hinted that in case Minister Thurston is called back to Honolulu at the request of our government, President Dole may return the compliment by asking the recall of Minister Willis, our representative at Hawaii. It is said that Willis is as unwelcome in Hawaii as Thurston can possibly be in Washington, that he has offended the Dole government often and grievously, and that it is only because that government has been patient to the extreme and anxious to avoid even the appearance of unfriendliness to this government that Willis has not long ago been declared *persona non grata*.

To ask the return of Minister Willis is clearly within the authority of President Dole, and that, too, without offence to the American government or the American people. The principle has been long established that in case of personal unacceptability it is within the province of any government to go even so far as to tender passports. And we suspect that Minister Thurston and Minister Willis have been sufficiently active in fomenting partisanship over the question of annexation to no longer be proper persons to occupy their present positions.

TEAMOH AGAIN.

The Teamoh incident is making trouble all around. The friends of Governor O'Ferrall are mortified, his enemies affect to be angry, and the people of Virginia will take the matter into politics with all their old-time energy when race questions were up. Everybody censures the white members of the junketing committee for their cowardice and double-dealing, and now the Colored National League of Boston denounces poor Teamoh for the part which he played, or more properly the part which was played upon him in the transaction. At a mass meeting, largely attended, it was resolved that "the Colored National League condemns the action of each and every member of said committee as utterly foreign to the sentiment of the state, and worthy of the strongest disapprobation and resentment of our people." Several of the speakers were especially hard upon the colored member of the committee, and declared that he is not fit to hold the office to which he was chosen. It is hard on the negro to have been insulted in the South and to be abused by his own race in the North, when he evidently did the best he knew how.

The New York Journal of Commerce theorizes regarding the present low prices of many articles in the market by saying: "The fall in prices is amply accounted for by the fact that the introduction of new appliances of steam and machinery has, in the first place, immensely reduced the cost of production, and, in the next place, created a production of commodities in excess of the world's ability to consume." That is to say, these are settled now just as they have always been, by the law of supply and demand. Over-production, through artificial stimulation or otherwise, always results in low prices.

This is what the Worcester Reporter has to say on a subject of especial interest at this time: "The Republican candidate for governor, Colonel Charles Warren Lippitt, is exceedingly popular with all classes of voters here, being a large property owner and a progressive and liberal manufacturer, having furnished steady employment to many hundreds through the long and severe business depression, when scores of others closed their mills to save expense or lessen production."

Twenty-eight white men have been indicted by the grand jury for murder in connection with the recent New Orleans riots. This is all very well so far as it goes, but it remains to be seen whether the criminals will be actually brought to justice and punished according to their deserts. In several other cases murderers of negroes have been similarly indicted, and that has been the end of it. Indictments are not very serious affairs unless they are followed up by vigorous prosecution.

In referring to our international complications, the Portland Press is led to remark that "diplomatic problems are settled with great ease by persons upon whom the law has not placed the responsibility of settling them." The application of the remark is obvious.

The President of the United States is not the highest paid official in the country. Henry B. Hyde, president of the Equitable Life Insurance Company, is said to draw a salary of $100,000, and President McCall of the New York Life, $75,000.

Two hundred girls employed at the Boston gossamer factory, Hyde Park, quit work because of reduction in wages. Though engaged on gossamer work, they are not satisfied with gossamer pay.

Public education is making much progress in the South. It is shown that in Mississippi within ten years, the expenditure for common schools has risen from $300,000 to $1,200,000. There are four times as many colored pupils in the schools now, and three times as many white ones. Mississippi has the least percentage of white illiteracy of any of the Southern states.

The New York Telegram thinks "It is no discredit to American line steamer St. Paul that she cannot make time on land."

Minister Thurston will go back to Hawaii without being sent by our government or recalled by his own. An revoir!

THE FLOWER LORE OF NEW ENGLAND CHILDREN.

The dandelion was one of the earliest flowers to stir the children's memories—memories which had lain dormant all winter; in New England it is "the first thing of the year." In the days of my childhood, we did not wait for the buttercup to open, to learn whether we "loved butter;" the soft, dimpled chin of each child was held up, as had been those of other children for past decades, to catch the yellow reflection of the first dandelion on the pinky throat.

"Dear common flower, that grow'st beside the way,
Fringing the dusty road with harmless gold,
First pledge of blithesome May,
Which children pluck, and, full of pride, uphold."

The dandelion had other charms for the child. When the blooms had grown long-stemmed through seeking the sun from under the dense box borders, what pale green curls could be made by splitting the stems and immersing them in water, or by placing them in the mouth! I taste still their bitterness! What grace these curls conferred when fastened to our round combs, or hung over our straight braids!—far better than locks of corn silk. And what adorning necklaces and chains could be made by stringing "dandelion beads," formed by cutting the stems into sections!

When the dandelion had lost her golden locks, and had grown old and gray, the children still plucked the downy heads, the "clock" or blowballs, and holding them by the long stems which bore aloft these airy seed-vessels, and fortifying the strong young lungs with a deep breath, they blew upon the head "to see whether my mother wants me," or to learn the time o' the day.

"Dandelion, the globe of down,
The schoolboy's clock in every town,
Which the truant puffs amain
To conjure back long hours again."

The ox-eye daisy, the farmer's hated whiteweed, brought to New England by Endicott as a garden flower, soon followed the dandelion in bloom, and a fresh necklace could be strung from the starry blossoms, a daisy-chain. The daisy was also used as a medium of amatory divination, by pulling from the floret the white ray-flowers, saying, "He loves me, he loves me not," or by repeating the old "apple rhyme:"

"One I love,
Two I love,
Three I love, I say,
Four I love with all my heart
Five I cast away,"

etc.

The yellow disk, or "button," which was formed by stripping off the white rays, made a pretty pumpkin pie for the dolls' table. A very effective and bilious old lady, or "daisy grandmother," was made by clipping off the rays to shape the border or ruffle of a cap, leaving two long rays for strings, and marking in a grotesque old face with pen and ink. A dusky face, called with childish plainness of speech a "nigger head," could be made in like fashion from the "black-eyed Susan" or "yellow daisy," the *Rudbeckia hirta*, which now rivals the ox-eye daisy as a pest of the New England farmer.

Though the spring violets were dearly loved, we slaughtered them ruthlessly by "fighting roosters" with them. The projecting spur under the curved stem at the base of the flower was a hook, and when the violets "clinched" we pulled till the stronger was conqueror. Sometimes a tough-stemmed violet would decapitate a score of its fellows.

What braided "cat-ladders," and quaint, mediæval-shaped boats, with swelling lateen sail and pennant of striped grass, could be made from the flat, sword-like leaves of the flower-de-luce! And the dicentra, or "dielytra" (bleeding heart, or lady's eardrops, as called it), had long, gracefully drooping racemes of bright red-pink flowers, which, when pulled apart and straightened out, made fairy gondolas, or which might be twisted into a harp and battle. How many scores have I carefully dissected, trying to preserve intact its skeleton shape the little heart-shaped "frame" of the delicate flower!—[Alice Morse Earle, in the April Atlantic.

THE ENGLISH SPARROW.

It would be something like a joke, would it not, if the English sparrow were made the subject of a constitutional amendment? Yet that may be necessary for its extermination. In Ohio an official estimate has been made of the amount of money that would be necessary for the extermination of the *Passer domesticus* in that state, provided no birds of the species came into the state meanwhile from without; and the estimate is two and a quarter million dollars. Now undoubtedly the extirpation of the sparrow would be worth that amount to the state, but of course it would not pay any state to spend a cent for the purpose unless all the other states and Canadian provinces joined in the crusade. But though Congress might appropriate some money for the purpose, it has no authority under the constitution to employ the police measures in the state which would be necessary to a real and effective national war of extermination against the sparrows; and if the national government were to undertake it—at a cost, say, of a hundred millions—it would have to be empowered to do so by a constitutional amendment!

But as nothing of the sort is probable or possible, we shall have to make up our minds to live with the English sparrows as long as they will let us, and make the best terms possible. They don't do us any material good, but rather harm; that is settled. But with the lapse of time they are getting rather pleasant and amusing to look at in city streets. Their parliamentary assemblies in the honey-locust of the City Hall yard and in King's Chapel burying ground are not good for the trees, and may exterminate most of the trees growing thereabout, but they are funny and interesting beyond measure to look at and listen to. Their performances on the street afford diversion on any walk about town. Many of the birds become so bold and discriminating that a mature person who is not going to hurt them can approach within a foot of them on the crossings, and almost have to step over them as they feed on some street morsel; but at the same time a small boy with sparrow murder in his heart cannot get within a stone's throw of them. They have grown to expert in dodging that they apparently pay no attention to an electric car approaching at full speed until it is actually upon them; but they are out of its way in a flash. Doubtless they will soon learn that they can let the electric cars go over them without danger, and we shall have a new source of amusement in seeing them duck under the rushing monsters. Close study of the difference in plumage between males and females, and between individuals, is easily possible to any one who walks the street. Some of the cocks are really very pretty birds, but as a rule they are sadly unkempt.—[The Listener, in Boston Transcript.

For all Facial Blemishes Use CUTICURA SOAP



Ashamed To Be Seen

Because of disfiguring facial blemishes is the condition of thousands upon thousands who live in ignorance of the fact that in Cuticura Soap is to be found the most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world, as well as the purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. It is so because it strikes at the root of all complexional disfigurations, viz.: the CLOGGED, IRRITATED, INFLAMED, SLUGGISH, or OVERWORKED PORE.

For pimples, blackheads, red and oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes it is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Ifflicted, aching, nervous mothers knew the comfort, strength, and vitality in Cuticura Anti-pain Plasters, they would never be without them. In every way the purest, sweetest, and best plaster for women and children.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
40 Cords of Stable Manure.
LAWTON'S STABLE, TOURO STREET.

White Leghorn Eggs.
A few settings of White Leghorn Eggs, N. D. Forbes strain, can be obtained at $1 per setting by applying to Box 21, Daily News Office.

For Sale---One Good Work Horse,
Warranted sound. Apply to A. Weimmer, Prescott Hall road.

CORNER LOT.
A desirable corner lot on Broadway, suitable for two cottages. Terms easy. Apply at 30 Warner street.

REAL ESTATE.

For Rent.
Two Stores in the Fine New Brick Building on the cor. of Spring and Mill Sts.
This would make a splendid business site because of its central location. Price $18 to $15 per month.
For further information apply to
WHIPPLE & SON,
28 Bellevue Avenue.

For Sale---At a Bargain,
DWELLING HOUSE
With slate roof and all modern conveniences, including hot and cold water, steam heat, etc., and nearly 5000 feet of land, on Fair street.
APPLY TO
DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE,
152 BELLEVUE AVENUE, NEWPORT.

Our store is sold, but we shall continue to do business, and in a few days we will be better located in our new store than ever. Meantime at our old stand we will sell
Butter and Eggs
At lower prices than ever.
Strictly fresh Eggs, 15c. a dozen; 7 dozen for $1.
Our fancy W Creamery, 3 3-4 lbs. for $1.
A fine Creamery, 4 lbs. for $1.
See our 10 lbs. tubs Lard, 85c.
A. A. Hunt & Co.,
151 THAMES STREET.

Bath Road Closed.
BATH ROAD from Channing avenue to the Beach is closed to travel while repairs are being made to the Beach wall.
J. P. COTTON,
Street Commissioner.

Middletown and Portsmouth Printing.
The particular attention of the residents of Middletown and Portsmouth is called to the facilities of the Daily News Job Office for filling promptly orders for Printing of every kind.
Auction Bills
And similar work,
Desired at once, may usually be done on the day ordered, and will be delivered to customers at the shortest notice.
The wagon deliveries of the News, passing over every important road on the island, enable the Job Office connected with the paper to deliver work promptly.
Mail orders will receive as ready attention as though left personally at the office.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 27, 8 A. M.—For Massachusetts and Rhode Island—Fair, followed by increasing cloudiness; westerly winds; slightly warmer.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 27, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity until Thursday night—Fair till Thursday, followed by local showers.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

Generally fair weather is today reported in all sections east of the Pacific slope, although conditions favorable for showers prevail in the lake region. An area of moderately low barometer exists over the central portions of the country, with its centre located at Lake Superior. This will advance eastward, producing threatening weather. A wave of warmer atmosphere covers the central valleys, which will reach here tomorrow and promises a warmer wind. Freezing weather is confined mostly to the lake region and the East. A light snowstorm is in progress in northern Vermont; elsewhere in this district pleasant skies continue.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 27.	8 A M	12 M	2 P M
Temperature	32	40	41
Barometer,	29.78	29.78	29.78
Wind.	NW	NW	SW
Weather,	Cloudy	Clear	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27.
Sun rises: 5 h 35 m
Sun sets 6 h 04 m
Moon sets P M 7 h 39 m
Length of day 12 h 29 m
Day's increase 3 h 25 m
High water 8 h 15 m A M; 8 h 25 m P M

THURSDAY, MARCH 28.
Sun rises 5 h 34 m
Sun sets 6 h 06 m
Moon sets P M 8 h 47 m
Length of day 12 h 32 m
Day's increase 3 h 33 m
High water 8 h 48 m A M; 9 h 01 m P M

Moon's Phases.
First Quarter, April 2, 4 h 28 m, P M, E
Full Moon, April 9, 6 h 43 m, A M, W
Last Quarter, April 16, 6 h 12 m, P M, E
New Moon, April 24, 8 h 11 m, P M, W

NEW TODAY.

[NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.]

Lost—Cape; 4th page
Wanted—Cook; 4th page
Lawton—Wagons; 5th page
For Sale—Manure; 4th page
Wanted—Waitress; 4th page.
N O P G Co—Argument; 1st page
Whipple & Son—To rent, 4th page
Commerford—Diagonals; 1st page.
Wanted—Care of Horses; 4th page
E A Eves—Tea and Coffee; 8th page
McLennan Brothers—Suits; 7th page
Dr Clarke Stanley—Specialist; 3d page
Opera House—On the Bowery; 5th page
Perry Brothers—Franklin Coal; 8th page
The Geo A Weaver Co—Potatoes; 8th page
A A Hunt & Co—Butter and Eggs; 4th page

Changes of advertisements cannot well be made after 11 o'clock in the morning.

TO LET---The whole house 20 Franklin street.
FOR SALE---Building lots on Mann avenue.
A. P. Baker.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a Swedish man to take care of horses; has had experience. Apply in rear of Sherman House.

WANTED—Situation as a general housework girl in a small family; reference if required. Call at 344 Thames street.

WANTED—By a Scotch girl, situation as waitress, chambermaid or nurse in private family. Address Box 37, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a good plain cook in a small family; no objection to washing. Apply at 57 Burnside avenue.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A good plain cook; one willing to assist with washing; reference required. Call Cliff avenue, next Cliff Hotel.

WANTED—In a small family, a waitress to assist with washing; references required. Address Box 30, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A bright boy about 17 years of age to learn upholstering at W. F. Spingler & Sons, Prospect Hill street, near the avenue.

WANTED—At once, a capable woman to cook, wash and iron in a small family; references required. Box 16, Daily News Office.

$75.00 A WEEK paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio.

SALESMEN, we send samples, allow liberal salary and expenses or commission to proper applicants. Staple seller, three stores out of five will order. Address Lock Box 420, New York City.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A dark blue mackintosh cape. Finder will please return to 6 Gladding court, or Daily News Office.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—Tenement of four rooms, between Parade and Lee avenue. Address Box 18, Daily News Office stating rent desired.

WANTED—Board in a private family for a man and wife, with one child. Address, stating terms and location, Box 12, Daily News Office.

WANTED—For rent, a small store on or near Thames street, would prefer with it some rooms overhead. Apply to R. C. Derby, 188 Bellevue avenue.

TO LET—Building 9 and 11 Long wharf; also to let rooms upstairs in building corner Thames street and Long wharf. Apply to James Pearson.

TO LET—Small cottage on Cranston street. Also tenement 16 Cranston street. Apply to Sherman & Rooney.

FOR RENT—Cottage on Anthony street, in good repair; city water. Apply on the premises.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 11th day of March A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.

HORACE N. HASSARD, Administrator on the estate of **Hannah A. Hazard**, late of Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 1st day of April 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 27, Wall Street, Opening Prices—Delaware & Lackawanna, 161¾; New Jersey Central, 95¾; Northwestern, 91½; New York & New England, 35¾; St. Paul, 57¾; Sugar Trust, 100½; Wabash preferred, 14¾; General Electric, 35⅜; Distillers, 14½; Hocking Valley, 20¼.

Noon—Money on call, 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½ @ 5½ per cent; exchange firm, with actual rates at 4 88½ for 60 days, and 4 89½ @ ¾ for demand; posted rates, 4 89 @ 4 90¼; commercial bills, 4 87¾; bar silver, 61; government bonds, firm; 4s, reg., 111½ @ ¾; 4s, coup., 112; railroad bonds, easier; Pacific 5s, 100. The anthracite coalers developed renewed weakness after 11 o'clock. New Jersey fell to 93½ and Reading to 12¾. The Grangers also receded fractionally, but toward noon traders, disappointed at the small amount of stock dislodged by their efforts, turned buyers, and a rally of ½ to ¾ per cent. followed. Jersey Central and Reading leading. At noon the market was quiet and firm.

NEW YORK, March 27.

	Noon.
Atchison	5
Canadian Pacific	86¾
Canada Southern	50¾
Chicago & Alton	160
Chicago & Alton preferred	160
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	75¾
C., C., C. & St. Louis	39¾
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred	87½
Cotton Oil Certificates	30
Delaware & Hudson	125¾
Delaware & Lackawanna	162¾
Denver & Rio Grande	16¾
Denver & Rio Grande preferred	57
Erie	16¾
Erie preferred	36¾
Illinois Central	98½
Kansas & Texas	15
Lake Shore	136
Lead Trust	32 2
Louisville & Nashville	54¾
Michigan Central	92
Missouri Pacific	39¾
Manhattan	94
New Jersey Central	94¾
North American	4¾
Northern Pacific	1
Northern Pacific First preferred	16¾
Northwestern	
Northwestern preferred	133½
New York Central	99¾
New York & New England	36
Ohio & Mississippi	
Ontario & Western	16¾
Oregon Navigation	19
Pacific Mail	33
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	
Reading	4¾
Rock Island	73¾
St. Paul	71
St. Paul preferred	57
St. Paul, M. & Man	115
Omaha	36¾
Omaha preferred	101
Sugar Trust	100¾
Sugar Trust preferred	10
Texas Pacific	9¾
Union Pacific	10¾
Wabash	6¾
Wabash preferred	14¾
Western Union	88¾
U. S. Cordage	5¾
U. S. Cordage preferred	8¾
Duluth	25
Duluth preferred	85
Gen. Elec	36¾

BOSTON EXCHANGE
Boston, March 27.

	Noon.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	5¾
Boston & Maine	196
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	75¾
Fitchburg preferred	85¾
New York & New England	36¾
Old Colony	170¾
Pullman Palace Car	158¾
Wisconsin Central	3¾
West End Railway	90
Calumet & Hecla	287¾
Franklin Mining Co	11
American Bell Telephone	165
Erie Telephone	51
U. S. Rubber	41¾
U. S. Rubber preferred	90¾

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE OFFICE,
124 Bellevue Avenue.
1st For rent; from 1st April if needed, the "Army house," 1 Whitehall street, close to Broadway; excellent house, with all modern improvements.
2d For sale; (will not rent at present—have declined many applications) the "Nichols" boarding house, corner Farewell and Marlborough, along with cottage next door. First-class business position. Area 6,834 square feet. Will sell the estate as a whole—not the cottage by itself.

BORN

KEEFE—In this city, 27th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. John T. Keefe.
HARRINGTON—In this city, 27th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Harrington.

DIED.

WILSON—In this city, 27th inst., Julia M., wife of Ray Wilson and daughter of James B. and Georgiana A. Lawton, in her 19th year.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
☞ Providence Journal and Boston Globe please copy.
HARRINGTON—In Lowell, 25th inst., Michael Harrington, son of Mrs. Timothy Sullivan of this city, aged 25 years.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 194 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth,
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FOR RENT.
One Large Store in Smith's New Block On Broadway. Also offices on second floor of said block; large hall on third floor and anterooms fitted with modern conveniences (would like applicants for a first class hall to confer with agent as to what they need in this line).
SIMEON HAZARD, 94 BROADWAY.

Closing Out Sale
—OF—
FINE NAPKINS,
Breakfast and dinner sizes, at very much reduced prices.
All-Wool White Flannel
1 yard wide, 45c. a yard.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,
Cor. Thames & Mary Streets.

BY TELEGRAPH.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

COUP D'ETAT POSSIBLE.

Spain on the Brink of a Dictatorship.

Ministry Powerless to Act in the Newspaper Matter.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Official advices today indicate the possibility of a *coup d'etat* in Spain before the close of this week. While Premier Canovas, as well as the ministry associated with him, is in full sympathy with the movement to suspend the constitution and try the offending Madrid journalists by a court-martial, the government holds a majority of the chambers against this method, and is powerless to move in the matter. It is believed that the queen will within a few days issue a decree dissolving the chambers, and that this will be followed by a *coup d'etat* on the part of the military, which will result, for the time at least, in a practical dictatorship. This movement, it is believed, will be headed by General Campos, who reflects the prevalent military hostility to the editors of the Madrid papers which recently so severely criticised both the army and the navy. If the *coup d'etat* should be effected it would probably be followed by the withdrawal of the Canovas ministry from power. In those circumstances the State Department is not likely to hear from the Spanish foreign office regarding the Allianca incident for some time.

ON THE MANITOBA SCHOOL ISSUE.

Rumored Resignation of Sir Charles Tupper from the Dominion Cabinet.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 27.—The Citizen publishes the report that Sir Charles H. Tupper has resigned from the Dominion cabinet, but it is impossible as yet to verify or contradict it. According to the published reports, his resignation was due to his taking the ground that the government, after deciding in favor of a remedial order in regard to the Manitoba school question, should have immediately appealed to the country on the issue, holding that this was the correct constitutional course to follow.

MISCONCEPTION SOMEWHERE.

Nicaraguan Affair Straining Cordial Relations with England.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—It is claimed by those who are in a position to be well informed as to the intentions of the British foreign office, and also as to the representations which our government has made to Great Britain through our Minister in regard to Nicaragua, that there is a misconception somewhere. President Cleveland and his cabinet have attached so much importance to the matter as in a measure to sweep away the cordial confidence which has marked all the recent diplomatic transactions of the United States with the British foreign office in regard to jurisdiction over the Mosquito strip, and call forth the provision that the third member of the arbitration commission should not be a citizen of any American republic.

BRIEF TO THE POINT OF CURTNESS.

Minister Thurston's Note to Secretary Gresham Unique of Its Kind.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—Minister Thurston's formal note to Secretary Gresham, announcing his intended departure from Washington, which reached the Secretary this morning, is understood to be brief, almost to the point of curtness. It contained no reference to a leave of absence, or cause of departure, but, under yesterday's date, simply stated that he intended to depart for Honolulu this afternoon, leaving Secretary Hastings in charge of the Hawaiian legation. The note is said by those familiar with diplomatic communications of its class to be remarkable for its omission of the customary courteous explanations, and absolutely unique in failing to announce whether his government had or had not given him leave of absence.

Frenchman Anxious to Back Zimmerman.

LONDON, March 27.—The Pall Mall Gazette says that M. Badouel, director of the Buffalo-Seine racing paths, has offered to back the American bicycle rider Zimmerman again the French rider Houben for 1,000 francs a side, for a race at any distance. Houben's adviser, McCranicks, has the highest opinion of the latter rider's powers, but expresses fear that his friends will be unable to raise such large stakes. He is so certain of this that he declares that Zimmerman's backers must modify their challenge before a match can be arranged.

Chancellor Hohenlohe Welcomed by Prince Bismarck.

FRIEDRICHSRUHE, March 27.—The Halberstadt cuirassiers, with the regimental band, marched to the railway station this morning to await the arrival of Prince Hohenlohe. The chancellor arrived at noon and was received by Prince Bismarck.

THE MASSACHUSETTS NAVAL RESERVES.

The naval brigade of the Massachusetts volunteer militia gave an exhibition at the Boston armory last evening, which was witnessed by a large number of spectators, including officers of the United States navy stationed at Boston, Mayor Greene of Fall River and officers of the Massachusetts militia organizations and the Rhode Island naval reserves. The entire First battalion, composed of companies A, B, C and D, all of Boston, and companies E of Lynn and F of Fall River, executed a number of drills and evolutions, wholly of a military nature, which elicited considerable applause.

"The features of the evening," says the Boston Herald, "were the wall scaling by company A and the light artillery drill by company F. A portable wall, about twelve feet high, was erected in the large drill hall of the armory, and at a given order the men of A company scaled the wall, arms and all, in less time than it takes to describe it.

"The artillery drill by Company F of Fall River, commanded by Lieutenant W. B. Eldridge, was perfect. It is safe to say that Annapolis never saw a better drill of the kind, and the United States navy could well profit by the exhibition given by the lads from Fall River. The marchings, going into battery, sponging, loading and firing were faultless, and the dismounting and assembling of the pieces, three in number, were performed with an ease and celerity that reflect great credit on the officers of the company."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. Frank Smythe has returned to Philadelphia.

—Schooner Lizzie Joe is in, with coal for G. H. Reynolds & Co.

—Miss Maude Converse of the Torpedo Station is visiting Mrs. W. T. Sampson in Washington.

—The gas company is pulling down the big chimney of the old gas house plant, on Lee avenue and Thames street, as it was becoming dangerous.

—The street department is at work on two small sewers, one on Bellevue avenue, near Church street, and the other on Stewart court, off West Broadway.

—The condition of Mayor Waters continues to improve, and there has been no change of note within the last twenty-four hours. With this continued improvement, the chances of an early recovery are daily increased.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, who have been spending the winter in San Francisco, will open their Newport villa, says the New York Times, early in August, and will have as guest Mrs. Oelrichs's sister, Miss Fair.

—Captain Wightman of steamer General today reported a four-masted schooner ashore in Dutch Island harbor. Tug Aquidneck went to her assistance and found her to be the Lucinda Sutton, bound for Providence, but the vessel needed no assistance.

—Mrs. J. Frederick Pierson and her daughter, Miss Adelaide Pierson, will sail for Paris soon after Easter, and will join Miss Daisy Pierson, who has been spending the winter in Rome. Mrs. Pierson will not open her Newport villa this season, but will spend the summer in France, and will probably remain abroad all next winter.

—Mr. F. P. Sands's 51ft cutter Uvira will go into commission this season, and will probably be raced. The change in the classification rule brings the Uvira into the forty-foot class, in which she will probably make a good showing. In the forty-six-foot class, in which she formerly was, she could not do herself justice, as she is short, and has a small sail plan.

—The glass for the lower front of the James H. Hammett building has not yet arrived, and the workmen of the Boston Plate and Window Glass Company have today been putting in the glass in the upper story. Men have already put in the glass in the Kazanjian and Langley buildings, and are now awaiting the arrival of the glass for the Hammett and Chase buildings.

—Mr. John C. Meacham of Germantown, Penn., was here last week as guest of Major Bull, and left for Philadelphia Thursday night. Friday he was taken ill, and sent word to the members of a church choir of which he was the leader that he would be unable to be present at practice that evening. A few hours afterwards he died, rheumatism of the heart being the cause. He was an exemplary young man, and while here made many friends. His father and mother were recently killed by a railroad accident, the carriage in which they were seated being run into by a locomotive on a grade crossing. Mrs. Frank Smythe, daughter of Major Bull, was in the carriage at the time, but escaped, although badly injured.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The official ballots to be used in the state election have been received by Town Clerk Caswell, and also the sample ballots, which have been posted.

Mr. Gideon Lathan has gone to New York.

A large four-masted schooner, name unknown, went ashore some time last night on the shore of the George C. Carr farm in the West passage. It was thought that she would come off at high water. The vessel was loaded.

Mr. Harry Champlin, who has spent the winter in California, returned home this morning.

Mr. Thomas S. Nason of Newport was on the island today.

Mr. Elijah Anthony, who is visiting in Hammond, La., writes that fruit and vegetables are growing well, and strawberries are plenty, but that the season is about a month late.

NAVAL NOTES.

Assistant Paymaster Richard Hatton has been ordered to receiving ship Minnesota.

Gunboat Castine completed her passage of the Suez Canal yesterday morning, on her way to Zanzibar, to render assistance if needed to Consul Hollis, who has been for some months resting under a charge of murdering a native who invaded his house at midnight. It is possible that the Castine may also visit Madagascar, where ex-Consul Waller of the United States is in trouble, after leaving Zanzibar.

Admiral Carpenter, in command of the Asiatic squadron, cables the Navy Department that cruiser Charleston returned to Che Foo March 24, after a visit to Port Arthur, where she went March 20. As no additional information was contained in the message, it is presumed that affairs are quiet at Port Arthur, and that the Gulf of Pechili is still frozen, as it was the intention of the admiral to send the vessel to the relief of the Petrel at Niuchwang. The Detroit arrived at Chemulpo on the 21th.

Cruiser Raleigh re-joined the Atlanta at Colon Monday, after a week's stay at Cartagena, where she went for coal. As affairs are now quieter on the Isthmus, it is probable that she will join Admiral Meade's squadron at Kingston. The fleet, which left San Domingo Saturday, should have reached Kingston Sunday, unless, as is believed at the Navy Department, it cruised around the island of Hayti, and through the Windward Passage, off Cape Mayzi, where the Alliance incident occurred. The Columbia should reach Kingston about Friday, when Admiral Meade will be in command of the largest and finest American fleet that has ever met in a British port.

The board of inspection and survey, which is composed of Commodore T. O. Selfridge, president; Captain W. S. Schley, Commander R. B. Bradford, Lieutenant Commander Seaton Schroeder, Medical Director W. K. Van Reypen, Chief Engineer R. W. Milligan and Major G. C. Reid, of the marine corps, with Lieutenant S. A. Staunton as recorder, is today inspecting the Chicago at New York. The inspection of the ship includes a minute examination of the men, their uniforms, general appearance and bearing, followed by a visit to all the compartments and interior sub divisions of the vessel. This is followed by drills of the divisions, the manning of boats, fire stations, abandoning ship and battalion drill.

Secretary Herbert executed yesterday a contract with the John P. Holland Torpedo Boat Company of New York for building a submarine torpedo boat, at a total cost of $150,000. The principal dimensions of the boat are to be: length, 80 feet; diameter, 11 feet; displacement, 1885 tons. Government inspectors are to watch the construction of the craft, and all the material used is to be of domestic manufacture. The boat is to be completed in every respect by March 20, 1896. Penalties for delay will be exacted. The boat is to have a speed of not less than fifteen knots when in a light condition, fourteen knots when awash, with a minimum endurance of twelve hours at these speeds using only steam power, and eight knots an hour when the vessel is completely submerged, using electric power, with a minimum endurance of six hours at this speed. Below thirteen and a half knots for the light condition, twelve and a half for the awash condition, or six and a half knots when submerged, the Secretary may reject the vessel, or accept her at a reduced price.

The naval board of inspection and survey, which recently inspected triple-screw cruisers Minneapolis and Columbia, is not at all satisfied with the armament of these ships, and believes that they should be given a much heavier battery. Although of 7,350 tons displacement, the heaviest gun they carry is of the eight inch type, one each. They have also two six inch and eight four inch guns for main batteries and twelve six pounders and four machine guns for secondary batteries. It has been suggested by the board that it would be advisable to remove the quarters to the upper decks of the vessels, and thus give a clear main deck for guns. The Minneapolis, under her original plans, was to have four water-tight compartments for her boilers, with a capacity of nine hundred tons each, but she was finally built with only two compartments, with a capacity of eighteen hundred tons each. The board thinks that the chances of the vessel being lost, if torpedoed in one of these compartments, are greatly increased by reason of the immense amount of water that would flood it. The department has already given orders for the transformation of these vessels into flagships, but the attitude of the board of inspection and survey may change that plan.

A WOMAN'S IDEA ABOUT CLEAN STREETS.

It is safe to assert that every housekeeper some time in her life has felt that if she could be given the contract for keeping the streets clean she would do it in ever so much more systematic fashion than any man could possibly do, for she would bring to it the same general principles she applies in her housework, and would undoubtedly achieve an equal amount of success. Chicago has the honor of owning a woman contractor in the person of Miss Jane Adams, of Hull House, who will undertake to clean the streets and alleys of the Nineteenth ward. Until the cleaning of her house, the greater task will not be done in person, but by means of feminine system this ward is to be made a model of cleanliness, and the despair of all contractors of the opposite sex who have tried in vain to get rid of the unnecessary accumulation of dirt in the streets.

"My plan is just this, and I think it could be carried out in all its details for $1,500 a month. The present appropriation is $1,050. The vital point is to separate the clean refuse, such as ashes, rags, paper, bottles and tin cans, from that which is essentially filth. I would begin with the families, and offer a prize of a penny a bushel for clean ashes. This would appeal to the children and interest them in my plan. They would see to it that the ashes, when drawn from the stoves, were kept clean and seperate from the filth. This would result in several advantages not to be obtained under the present lumbering, cumbersome and wasteful system. In the first place, it would make the ashes worth something, reduce the bulk of garbage nearly two-thirds, and make short hauls possible. The railroads would use the ashes for filling if they were clean. And if the railroads took the ashes it would be necessary to haul them only a short distance. Four railroad lines pass through this ward. The tracks are close to us, and in some instances it would be necessary to haul the ashes only as far as Taylor street. Under the present system it is necessary to haul the whole bulk of the garbage to Thirty fifth street and Western avenue. At the very best a team can make but three trips daily, and when the roads are bad only two. The team and driver cost $3.25 a day. The railroads would carry clean ashes for $1 a carload, and a carload contains forty cubic yards."

Women all over the United States will be interested to see how this plan will work, and if the result be such as is anticipated we may expect a revolution in the street cleaning department, for not only Chicago women, but their sisters in other cities, will follow suit in this new occupation, realizing that keeping things clean on a big scale is a more paying vocation than just looking after a house from cellar to garret, and the work not one whit harder.—[Philadelphia Times.

MEDITERRANEAN POSSIBILITIES.

The increasing travel by the Mediterranean route to and from Europe is not a mere whim of the traveling public, but indicative of large commercial and social changes. It means possibly new trade relations for the United States, that shall not pay toll to the commercial lions of the North. It brings the United States into easy and familiar connection with South Africa and southern Europe, with the Grecian and Egyptian lands of romance and historic charms and attractions, and cannot but lead to a more direct and intimate exchange of commodities and social relations. We fall back, after four hundred years, into the track of Columbus, and find again the passage from which the energy and capital, and the kindred ties also, of England have diverted us.

The movement may be of more importance to the Mediterranean than to us, for a great revival in the classic cities is not improbable in direct and frequent communication with a nation that will soon in population, production and wealth stand at the head of the list of civilized peoples. The distance from New York to Gibraltar is about three thousand miles, not much different from that to Liverpool or Southampton or Havre. With the service as at present conducted the passage is eight days, but with increasing travel, and increase of commercial reasons for speed, the future boats are certain to take this route, and the time will fall below six days. This will bring the passenger to Genoa or Naples or Palermo in the same time now used to reach Havre, or less. As a winter route even now, notwithstanding the extra days, it is more agreeable. To be sure, the rough Atlantic has to be sailed over, and it is liable always to be in a passionate and hateful mood, but the voyage is much warmer than farther north, and it is free from the danger and haunting fear of fogs and wandering icebergs. The advantages of it as a spring and summer route are also great. The traveler is landed exactly where he wishes to be for exploring Spain in April and May, the best season to begin his journey from Seville northward; and for Switzerland and the Tyrol, to which the Americans is drawn in the warm months, Genoa suits him exactly.

We speak of the increase of travel, but it is something more than travel, it is travel. Angelenos are beginning to frequent Spain, to form little resident colonies in Tangier and Algiers, many of them escaping the frost and the ill preparations for winter in southern France and Italy, and to go to Cairo regularly as they would go to any other agreeable winter resort. It is becoming in the nature of a permanent occupation. Never before in one year have so many people gone from the United States to Egypt as in 1895. Many of them will wander through Syria and about the Levant, and return with enlarged conceptions of the life of nations, and the possibilities of commercial expansion. They are led now by curiosity, by historic interest, or by the restlessness that accompanies leisure and wealth, but no popular movement taking on the proportions that this one has assumed can fail of more important international changes. The Arab in New York is almost as common as the American in Cairo, the Italian go and come by every ship by the hundreds, and this movement makes inevitable more important relations between the Mediterranean and the United States. American paper money is current in the shops in Gibraltar, and it is not a wild prediction that before long it will have a purchasing power all around the Mediterranean shores.

This Mediterranean movement of pleasure and of profit has only just begun. It is only from one American port. But the long line of the United States lies opposite the historic fertile shores. Why voyage always in tempestuous northern seas, into the fogs and long nights of the latitude of Labrador? Does not North Africa and the Mediterranean beckon to Norfolk, Charleston and New Orleans—New Orleans, the natural funnel of the wealth of the Mississippi valley—to send our ships laden with freight, steamers for safe passenger transit, to voyage by spicy islands and through comparatively calm seas? It is perhaps a far prophecy, this ferrying across from our Southern coast, but the statesmen at Washington may as well take notice of this new commercial movement, which will so vitally affect our relations with Southern Europe. They may be able to see no connection between it and the Nicaraguan canal, about the construction of which we hesitate, with small conception of our destiny as an arbiter of trade. We are offered this door to a sea passage that will change the commerce of the world—a door which we have power to control absolutely, the key of which we should never surrender.—[From the "Editor's Study," by Charles Dudley Warner, in Harper's Magazine for April.

Cut Prices!

15 CENTS,
Stove Polishing Glove and Dauber.
15 CENTS,
Garden Sets--Shovel, Hoe and Rake.
Whitewash Brush, 25c.
A lot of Pitchers from 4c to 24c
—AT—
Walsh Brothers',
222 THAMES STREET.

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
Rhode Island Corn Fed
PORK
THIS WEEK AT
SHERMAN & ROONEY'S.

Provident Savings Life Assurance Society
OF NEW YORK.

Sheppard Homans, President and Actuary.
Charles E. Willard, 2 V. P. (Author of The A B C of Life Insurance.)
W. E. Stevens, Secretary.

ABSTRACT.

TWENTIETH ANNUAL STATEMENT
For the Year Ending Dec. 31st, 1894.

Receipts for premiums	$2,153,257 84
Receipts for interest and rents	47,824 25
Receipts, other sources	48,826 03
Paid for death claims, endowments and annuities	1,101,219 69
Expenses of management including taxes	505,893 72
Total assets	1,767,181 85
Liabilities, Actuaries four per cent.	910,930 53
Surplus, Actuaries four per cent.	830,251 32
Insurance in Force	81,035,038 00

APPROVED: A. C. LANDERS, Insurance Commissioner.

Supplementary.

The only old line company making a specialty in writing.

Renewable Term Policies.

Rates about one half less than on ordinary forms, having a good financial backing to each contract.

Endowment, Limited Payment and Whole Life Policies with guaranteed surrender values written therein either in Cash, Paid-up Insurance or extended Insurance.

Extracts

From the Official Report of Hon. John S. Tarbox, former Insurance Commissioner of Massachusetts.

"The normal cost of life insurance is fixed by an immutable law of nature. For the man who wants INSURANCE, the plain life policy with no INVESTMENT beyond what is needed to PROTECT the insurance is the cheapest and best.

"Insurance that does not insure is dear at any price. Insurance that costs beyond the needs of safety, is an unjust burden. THAT SYSTEM IS THE BEST WHICH COMBINES SAFETY WITH THE MINIMUM OF COST.

For rates or information address

N. CLARKE PRITCHARD,
General Agent,
Rhode Island Department,
160 THAMES STREET.

RESTAURANT,
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NEWPORT, R. I.
First class meals on the European plan served at all hours. Oysters furnished in every style.
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ABSOLUTELY PURE
THE OLD RELIABLE
SWEET CAPORAL
CIGARETTE
Has stood the Test of Time
MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

BRUNSWICK CIGARS.
J. P. MICHAELSON & Co.
Opposite Postoffice.



EXAMINED AND CORRECTLY FITTED AT WARD & WILSON'S, 34 CLARKE STREET.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, &c.

OPERA HOUSE.
Wednesday, March 27.
720th Production.
Third Engagement here of The Great Comedy Drama,
"Friends."
By Edwin Milton Royle.
Management of Arthur C. Alston.
Interpreted by the same excellent company that scored such a pronounced success here before.
Prices—Orchestra, $1.00 and 75c.; orchestra circle, 50c.; entire balcony, 50c.; gallery, 25c. Seats on sale Tuesday, March 26.

Opera House.
Friday Night, March 29
The Great New York and Boston Success,
DAVIS & KEOGH'S
Stupendous Scenic Production.
ON THE BOWERY.
SHOWING
Steve Brodie in his picturesque Bowery resort at night, and in a thrilling midnight leap from Brooklyn Bridge.
"They say such things and they do such things On the Bowery, On the Bowery."
Fun and Sensation!
Striking Specialties!
Prices—Orchestra, $1 and 75c.; orchestra circle, 50c.; entire balcony, 50c.; gallery, 25c.

Grand Athletic Exhibition
In Masonic Hall, Church Street, Friday Evening, March 29, 1895,
Under the management of Jack Donovan, when the following talent will appear:

Tom Fitzgerald	vs.	Young Kelly
John Murtin	"	Dan Cameron
Mike Sullivan	"	Jack McGowan
Dan Coffee of Newport	"	Billy Coyle of N. Y.
Jimmy Boyle	"	Unknown
Jack Donovan of Newport	"	Jack Treacy of Phila.

Grand wind-up of ten rounds for scientific points between Joe Kirby of Newport vs. Frank Coyle of New York.
Doors open at 7:15; commences at 8 P. M. sharp.
Tickets $1. Reserved seats $1.50.

Mechanics' Building Auditorium,
BOSTON,
Beginning Tuesday, April 9.
5 NIGHTS AND 2 MATINEES.
Messrs. Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau beg leave to announce a return engagement of
GRAND OPERA
In French and Italian.
Tues. Ev'g, Apr 9 ..... "LOHENGRIN"
Wed. Ev'g, April 10 ..... "AIDA"
Thurs. Mat., April 11 ..... "ROMEO ET JULIETTE"
Thurs. Eve., April 11 ..... "NOZZE DI FIGARO"
Fri. Ev'g, April 12 ..... "CAVALLERIA" and "PAGLIACCI"
Sat., Parade Mat. ..... "LUCIA"
Sat. Ev'g, April 13 ..... "FAUST"
Season Tickets now on sale.
Single Sale will open April 1st.

Spring Time Has Come
Summer Time Is Coming!
Unload them from car
Wednesday afternoon.
Now is the time
To buy your Wagons
To be ready for business, and I can sell you any kind of business wagon you wish. Call and see my stock of delivery wagons. Cut under, short turn, end spring, side spring, light and heavy, both wide and narrow track, also light driving C. records, Bee fords, Banners, Democrats, Rockaways, Top Wagons, also Surreys, Phaetons, Buggys, Carryalls. Carts, and also forty second hand carriages must be sold to make room for new ones that are on the way.
Prices as low as any place in New England. Call and see them at
LAWTON'S,
TOURO STREET.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 3 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

Curtains.
Poles.
6-ft. poles, in Walnut, Ash, Ebony or Cherry with all BRASS trimmings for 38, 49, 79 cts.
8-ft. poles in Walnut or Ash with all WOOD trimmings from 39 to 95 cts.
6-ft. Antique Oak poles with WOOD trimmings for 49, 75, 95 cts.
White Enamel Poles,
All Brass Poles,
Vestibule Rods,
Curtain Pins,
Drapery Chains, etc.
AT
A. C. LANDERS'S,
167 Thames Street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
Special Offer to Bicycle Riders!
During the month of April I have a special bargain in photographs for all who desire pictures with their wheels. Particulars on application at studio. Investigate this GREAT BARGAIN. It means money saved.
Holloway
THE LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER

Water Color Portraits
Of delicate and natural coloring, particularly pleasing for holiday gifts in,
Locket, Miniature, Panel and Life Size.
Orders for New Year's should be given at once
REMBRANDT STUDIO,
Over HAMMETT'S Bookstore, 202 Thames St.

NIGHT HAWK CAMERA, $5.00
The Handy Camera, $10.00.
Rochester (two styles), $12.00.
The Poco Folding, $20.00 to $25.00.
All the above take 4x5 pictures and are the finest on the market. Call and examine them. Photographic materials of every description.
GEO. H. CHASE,
Over 201 Thames Street

INSURANCE.
PLATE GLASS INSURANCE.
WE REPRESENT THE
Fidelity and Casualty Co.,
New York, with Assets of $2,250,570.
Rates on application.
HENRY BULL, JR., 197 Thames St.

INSURANCE.
In these days of innumerable new and weak companies it is well to turn to the old and well known institution which have weathered the storms of many years. This agency was established by the senior member of our firm thirty years ago and many of the companies have been represented by it through the whole of that period. Call and see us.
DAVIS & WARD,
169 THAMES STREET.

Family Coal.
A full stock of the best varieties of Hard and White Ash Coal.
Lykens Valley and George's Creek Cumberland.
Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

SEED POTATOES
HAVE ARRIVED!
Unload them from car
Wednesday afternoon.
A. A. BARKER,
162 & 164 BROADWAY.

A FULL LINE OF
Fine Stationery
in white, cream and tints in all the latest styles.
Shelf paper in all colors
—AT—
S. T. H. Ailman's,
40 Washington Sq.

NOTICE.
On November 1, 1894, and till April 1, 1895, this shop will close every evening except Wednesday and Saturday at 7:30.
On Wednesday will close at 1 P. M. and Saturday at 11:30.
PERRY A. PEIRCE, Barber,
Newton Building, Thames street.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS, AND NEWPORT JOURNAL
T. T. PITMAN, PROP'R
Office, 207 Thames
News, $6.00 a [illegible] TO THE NEWS

HAS BEEN RINGING AROUND THE CIRCLE."

President McKinley Preparing for a Trip Through the Western States.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 27.—Governor McKinley's Southern trip will be followed soon by a "swing round the circle" through the West. William M. Hahn, member of the national Republican committee for Ohio, is now in the West, where he has been for several weeks, making arrangements for the governor's visit. It is now arranged for the governor to leave Columbus about the first of June. The trip will include most of the Western states, and extend to the Pacific coast. In view of this fact, it is generally doubted that Governor McKinley has put himself on record, as reported from Thomasville, Ga., as being unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. He would hardly take a stand, they say, against the unmistakable wishes of the people among whom he intended to go in the furtherance of his interests in the Presidential nomination.

PREPARING FOR A FIGHT.

Pittsburg Railroad Coal Operators Adopt a Lower Rate.

PITTSBURG, Penn., March 27.—The railroad coal operators of the Pittsburg district yesterday made preparations for the fight with the miners after April 1, by adopting a lower rate than that demanded by the men. The rate adopted was sixty cents per ton for one year. The meeting was largely attended. The rate question was gone over from beginning to end, and the matter of resuming operations was left in the hands of a special committee.

Bank Safe Wrecked by Dynamite.

ROCKFORD, Ill., March 27.—The Necomer bank at Mt. Morris was entered by robbers Monday night. After drilling into the vault and breaking the door, dynamite was used, nearly wrecking the safe. The robbers escaped with a large amount of money.

REBUKING BISMARCK.

The action of the German Reichstag in the case of the Bismarck resolution seems to have been an uncalled for proceeding. If there is an issue to be framed in a parliamentary body it is far better to proceed to develop it by direction than by indirection. It is possible for individuals to accomplish purposes that they have in view by the practice of diplomatic finesse, but we fail to recall a case in which a great parliamentary body has been successful in this mode of procedure. Whatever may be thought of certain episodes and incidents in the life and official career of Prince Bismarck, it is beyond dispute that he has been the means by which united Germany has been made possible; and, considering the manifold advantages that have resulted from this union, there is no good reason why the suggested resolution should not have received the approval of all in the Parliament, except, possibly, those who are still believers in the separatist doctrine, and regret that Germany is not now made up of little independent and conflicting states. The assumption that this refusal is a blow at the emperor delivered over the shoulders of Bismarck is absurd, for the reason that, whatever the intention may have been, the great mass of the people are not likely to draw this connection between cause and effect; and hence, in the minds of the masses, the majority in the Reichstag will be credited with boorish discourtesy.—[Boston Herald.

THE MAGAZINES.

The Atlantic Monthly for April contains instalments of the two serials now running, "A Singular Life," by Mrs. Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward, and "The Seats of the Mighty," by Gilbert Parker. Fiction is further represented by the second part of "Gridon's Pity," by Grace Howard Peirce, and a touching single-number story by Annie Trumbull Slosson, entitled "Dumb Foxglove." George Birkbeck Hill contributes the first of his papers, "A Talk over Autographs," which promises a most interesting series. An atmosphere of spring is given to the issue by a delightful paper on "Flower Lore of New England Children," by Alice Morse Earle. Two papers of educational interest are "The Expressive Power of English Sounds," by Professor Albert H. Tolman, and "The Basis of our Educational System," by James Jay Greenough. John Foster Kirk contributes a discriminating study of "Macbeth." One of the most appreciative tributes to Robert Louis Stevenson which has yet appeared comes from the pen of C. T. Copeland, and is printed in this issue, together with a short memorial poem, by Gwen Wister. The reviews are exhaustive, and treat of books much before the public eye at present. There are, among others, "The Melancholy of Stephen Allard," by Garnet Smith; The Great Refusal," by Paul Elmer More; "Municipal Government of Great Britain," by Albert Shaw, and Barrett Wendell's "Shakespeare."

The first chapters of the "Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc" appear in the April Harper's, with illustrations by Frank V. Du Mond. The authorship is attributed to the historic Sieur Louis de Conte, but the real name of the writer is still a secret. The romance opens with unusual attractiveness, and shows Joan in her girlhood, marked among her peasant playmates by her nobility of mind, her courage and her acute sympathies. The city of Washington, as the show-place of the country, is treated by Julian Ralph in an interesting illustrated article. Josiah Flynt, in an article on "Club Life among Outcasts," gives an insight into the social side of tramp life, and makes clear its attractiveness to the unbalanced mind of the "hobo." Arthur Symons contributes a brilliant paper on "Venice in Easter," with illustrations from sketches made on the ground—or on the water—by Guy Rose. Under the title, "Paris in Mourning," Richard Harding Davis gives a spirited description of the French capital during the week that followed the national tragedy of last summer. Alfred Parsons's series of articles on Japan's coast is met with a paper on the Japanese autumn, for which he has made twenty-one beautiful and appropriate illustrations. Hon. W. T. Harris, United States commissioner of education, is the author of a suggestive paper on "Recent Progress in the Public Schools," in which he shows the superiority of the graded system over the old plan of individual instruction. Several new and interesting ghost stories are grouped under the title "Ghostly Premonitions," by Lucy C. Lillie. Charles Dudley Warner is in Italy, and the "Editor's Study" shows the result of his environment.

Probably no two words in the English language are more misused and abused than "lady" and "woman," and there is much wisdom, therefore, in a popular discussion of the proper usage of the words, such as is given in the April Ladies' Home Journal by Margaret Deland, Mrs. Burton Harrison and Sarah Orne Jewett. "The Burning Question of Domestic Service" is treated intelligently and interestingly by the Countess of Aberdeen. Jessie Bartlett Davis, the well-known contralto of the "Bostonians," contributes a valuable article on the "Uses of a Contralto Voice;" Mrs. Burton Harrison speaks of the deportment of "The Well-Bred Girl Abroad," and her travel requirements; Kate Greenaway, whose quaint pictures have never before appeared in the pages of a magazine, is represented by a page of April children, whose histories are delightfully told in rhyme by Laura E. Richards. "The Story of a Victorious Girl" is the title of a new, bright novelette of girl life of today, which Grace Stuart Reid begins and Frank O. Small illustrates. John Kendrick Bangs is funny in "The Paradise Club," and Josiah Allen's Wife is humorous in her new two-part story, called "The Earthquake of Eighteen Eighty-Three." The pen of Dr. Parkhurst is evident in his definition of "The True Mission of Woman." The editor discusses with much force three serious subjects, "Making Marriage a Problem," "Taking Things for Granted" and "Frittering Away Our Time." "The Personality of a Charming Writer," who is Kate Douglas Wiggin, is charmingly pictured and described by Emma B. Kaufman. Easter brides, Easter hostesses and Easter students are remembered by Isabel A. Mallon, Mrs. W. F. Peck and Jane Searle. A beautiful page, "A Revival of Spanzle Work," is daintily illustrated. "Laying Out a Small Country Place" is the attractive title of a very practical article by Elizabeth Bisland.

VENETIAN WOMEN.

Venetian women are rarely pretty, often charming, generally handsome. And all of them, without exception, walk appallingly, not taking little mincing feminine steps, but with a fine grave stride, due partly to the fact that they are accustomed to wear heelless slippers, which oblige them to plant the foot firmly, and the whole foot at once, without a chance of tripping on toes or pounding on heels, as women who wear tight boots are able, and apt, to do; they walk with much the same action as if they were barefooted, and just as well. And they use the whole body in walking, not with the undulatory motion of Spanish women, but with a movement of the whole back and shoulders, in the exact swing of the stride. Venetian women do, however, remind one in many ways of Spanish women; in the way of doing the hair, of wearing the mantilla, for instance—the Moorish element, that is, coming out in both, so that in Venice, for instance, one finds, quite as a matter of course, an Antico Caffè del Mori, a cigarette is still known as a spagnoletto, and the dialect touches Spanish at all points.

The types of Venetian women vary in every quarter: the women of the Castello have quite a different look from the women of the Dorsoduro. In a sea-port town there is always a certain intermixture of races, and Venice, with the different layers of its different occupations and conquests, is variable to a greater degree than most seaports. Remembering that nearness which Venice has always had to the East, it is not altogether surprising to find among the Venetian types, and not least frequently, one which is almost Japanese. They are singularly charming, these small, dark, cat-like creatures, with their small black eyes, vivid as the eyes of a wild animal; their little noses, prettily curved in at the tip; their mouths, with quick, finely curved lips; their hair, too, sometimes drawn back in the Japanese manner. And they have that look of cat-like comfort and good-humor which is also a Japanese trait. There are many Jews here, and in the Jewish women you find often the finest type of Jewish beauty, in which the racial characteristics stop short just at the perfect moment. You find, too, but only now and again, the vivid swarthiness of the gypsy, with the shining black hair, as black and polished as ebony, plaited and coiled tightly round the back of the head.

Then there are many quite blonde women, as is often the case in seaports. The Venetian red does not exist, it indeed, it ever did, in nature; for there are recipes for its production, a painful process, in which you sat in the full heat of the sun, with your face covered, and your hair laid out around you to get soaked and colored with sunlight. The women nowadays feel that the color is not worth the headache. But they add to nature in one matter with extraordinary persistence; they powder their faces, slightly on week days, and thickly on festas, rarely with much art, with, rather, an ingenuous obviousness which, so far as my observation goes, is unique. Even quite young girls use *poudre de riz*, without the slightest necessity for its use; possibly for one reason, because they think it bad for the complexion to wash the face much, and powder saves a good deal of washing. It gives a charming air of sophistication to people who are not too civilized to be frankly human, who are in most ways so natural, and who are so happily wanting in those "little ways" which we call, by way of reproach, feminine. But they are full of fantastic contradictions, powdering their faces, which are nice, and leaving their figures, which are inclined too much to the square, to take care of themselves, without the aid or the direction of stays. And there is something elaborately artificial in the way many of them have of doing their hair, in little kiss-curls, composed in all manner of different ways; in little rows of corkscrews, or banged in, thinking along the forehead; or in trails down the side of the cheeks, like Carpaccio's great picture of the "Courtesans."

Women and girls, even children, dress exactly alike; and there is nothing more comical, more charming, than the little people of twelve who look like twenty; brilliant, fascinating little people, at once very childish and very mature, with their hair coiled at the back like their elders, their skirts down to their heels, their shawls too long for them, dangling to the ground, but worn with an air of infinite importance and self-sufficiency. And the colors of all these women, the elegant olives, the delicate blonds, are thrown out so well, so finely adorned, by the vivid colors of shawls and dresses and stockings, which would be gaudy elsewhere, but which here, in the heat and glitter of such an atmosphere, are always in place, never immoderate. They are all a part of the picture, the great *genre* picture which is Venice.—[Arthur Symons, in the April Harper's.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

March 27.

1836—357 American Texans, including Colonel J. W. Fannin, prisoners of war, were massacred at Goliad, Tex., by order of Santa Anna.

1847—Vera Cruz, Mexico, surrendered to General Scott.

1793—James Harper, one of the founders of the famous publishing firm, died; born 1795.

1858—Felix Octavius Carr Darley, noted artist, died near Claymont, Del.; born 1802.

1889—John Bright, British statesman, died in England; born 1821.

1890—Terrible tornado in Kentucky, Illinois, Indiana and Tennessee; 100 deaths in St. Louis.

1894—E. W. Hudson, once a well-known American journalist and managing editor of the New York Herald, died at Woburn, Mass.

The base of Ayer's Hair Vigor is a refined and delicate fluid, which does not soil or become rancid by exposure to the air, and which is as perfect a substitute for the oil supplied by nature in youth and health, as modern chemistry can produce.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT SC. CITY OF NEWPORT,

WHEREAS, Wednesday, the third day of April next is by the Constitution and Laws of this State designated as the day for holding the election for General Officers, etc., and WHEREAS, the General Assembly of the State at its present session begun and holden at Providence the 29th day of January 1895, adopted a Resolution in the words following, to wit:

Resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State.

Resolved, A majority of all the members elected to each House of the General Assembly voting therefor, that the following amendment to the Constitution of the State be proposed to the qualified electors of the State, in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII of the Constitution, for their adoption, to be denominated "Article —— of Amendments," to wit:

"ARTICLE ——.

"SECTION 1. The senate shall consist of one senator from each town or city in the State. The lieutenant-governor shall preside in the senate and in grand committee. The presiding officer of the senate and grand committee shall have a right to vote in case of equal division, but not otherwise.

"SEC. 2. If, by reason of death, resignation, absence, or other cause, there be no lieutenant-governor present to preside in the senate, the senate shall elect one of its own members to preside during such absence or vacancy; and until such election is made by the senate, the secretary of state shall preside. The senate shall have authority to elect its secretary and such other officers as it may deem necessary.

"SEC. 3. The house of representatives shall never exceed seventy-two members, and shall be constituted on the basis of population, always allowing one representative for a fraction exceeding half the ratio; but each town or city shall always be entitled to at least one member; and no town or city shall have more than one-sixth of the whole number of members to which the house is hereby limited. The present ratio shall be one representative to every four thousand three hundred and twenty-three inhabitants, and the general assembly may, after any new census taken by the authority of the United States or of this State, reapportion the representation by altering the ratio. The general assembly may by law from time to time in its discretion, when requested so to do by vote of the city council of any city, apportion the representatives to which such city is or may hereafter be entitled, among the several wards in such city, and the representatives so apportioned shall be voted for and elected only by the electors in the ward or wards to which they are apportioned: *Provided, however*, that each ward in any city so apportioned shall, if the number of representatives to which such city is entitled equals the number of wards, have at least one representative; but no town shall be divided into districts for the choice of representatives.

"SEC. 4. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney general, general treasurer, senators and representatives, shall be elected biennially at the town, ward or district meetings to be held on the first Wednesday of April in each alternate year, and shall severally hold their offices for two years from the last Tuesday of May next succeeding said first Wednesday of April, and until others are legally chosen and duly qualified to fill their places. If elected or qualified after the said last Tuesday of May, they shall hold their offices for the remainder of the two years ending said last Tuesday of May, and until their successors are qualified to act.

"SEC. 5. Section 6 of Article VII, "Of the Executive Power," Section 8 of Article VIII, "Of Elections," and Article XIII "Of Amendments," are hereby amended by striking out the word "annual" wherever it occurs in all the above named sections and in Article XIII of the Constitution, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "biennial."

"SEC. 6. The general assembly may provide by law for the continuance in office of any officers of election or appointment until other persons are qualified to take their places.

"SEC. 7. The first election under this Article shall be had on the first Wednesday of April next following the adoption thereof, as provided by Article XIII of the Constitution of the State.

"SEC. 8. This amendment shall take in the Constitution of the State, the place of Section 1 of Article V "Of the House of Representatives," which section is hereby annulled; of Article VI "Of the Senate," which article is here annulled; of Section 1 of Article VIII "Of Elections," which is hereby annulled; of Section 16 of Article IV, which is hereby annulled; and also of the word "annual" wherever it occurs in the several sections, and in Article XIII, referred to in Section 5 of this Amendment."

The names of all the members who voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, are as follows, viz.:

In the Senate.

YEAS—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Andrew J. Anthony, East Providence, Charles J. Arms, East Greenwich, Albert S. Babcock, Hopkinton, Edward A. Brown, Middletown, Christopher E. Champlin, New Shoreham, Joseph C. Church, Charlestown, Benjamin Drown, Warren, Edward P. Dutemple, Exeter, Edward F. Dyer, Portsmouth, E. Charles Francis, Woonsocket, Edward L. Freeman, Lincoln, Frederick B. Gifford, Little Compton, William Gregory, North Kingstown, William Horsey, Westerly, John Jenckes, Barrington, Alfred W. Kenyon, Richmond, Sylvester K. Merrill, Cranston, Henry C. Osborn, Tiverton, Ira H. Parkis, North Smithfield, John Hare Powel, Newport, Walter A. Read, Gloucester, William G. Roelker, Warwick, Martin S. Smith, Scituate, Charles M. Tyler, Coventry, Jesse V. B. Watson, South Kingstown, Thomas C. Watson, Jamestown, Andrew B. Whipple, Smithfield, Andrew J. Wilcox, North Providence, John C. B. Woods, Providence, James M. Wright, Foster. Yeas—31. Nays—0.

In the House of Representatives.

YEAS—Mr. Speaker Samuel W. K. Allen, East Greenwich, William Emery Aldrich, Lincoln, John Barnes, Cumberland, George E. Barstow, Providence, George Batchelar, Woonsocket, B. Courland Bentley, Westerly, Philippe Boucher, Woonsocket, John E. Bowen, Tiverton, Isaac Brown, Tiverton, William P. Bullock, Newport, Daniel W. Bullock, Pawtucket, Charles H. Bundick, Newport, Albert W. Burgess, Foster, William W. Congdon, North Kingstown, William H. Covell, Providence, Myron Fish, Lincoln, John M. Fournier, Lincoln, Charles C. Gray, Providence, Samuel B. Gray, Little Compton, James B. Hannaford, Warwick, Henry B. Heyden, Warwick, Frank E. Holden, Woonsocket, Jeremiah W. Horton, Newport, Richard G. Howland, Scituate, John K. Hull, South Kingstown, Edwin A. Kenyon, Charlestown, John T. Kenyon, Johnston, Charles D. Kimball, Providence, John B. Landers, Jamestown, Lafayette E. Mowry, Smithfield, Joseph H. Monro, Providence, Samuel L. Peck, Warren, Thomas C. Peckham, Coventry, Edwin A. Perrin, Pawtucket, C. Alvin Potter, Cranston, John W. Rogers, Newport, Henry T. Root, Providence, John M. Rounds, Providence, Livingston Scott, Woonsocket, William P. Sheffield, Jr., Newport, George W. Simmons, Bristol, George Lewis Smith, Barrington, William V. Sheffield, Warwick, Edward Stanley, Cranston, John Stanton, Richmond, Job Steere, Glocester, Benjamin Tallman, Portsmouth, Edward Thayer, Pawtucket, Philo E. Thayer, Pawtucket, William V. Tillinghast, Exeter, A. Herbert Ward, Middletown, Ellery H. Wilson, East Providence, George F. Varney, North Smithfield. Yeas—53.

NAYS—Arthur Cushing, North Providence, Arlon M. Ravee, Cumberland. Nays—2.

WHEREFORE, the qualified electors of this city entitled to vote for General Officers are hereby notified and warned to assemble in Ward Meetings on said WEDNESDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF APRIL 1895 at half past six o'clock in the morning at the following named places:

IN THE FIRST WARD at the Ward Room in No. 2 Fire Station building, Bridge street;

IN THE SECOND WARD at the Ward Room in No. 4 Fire Station building, Equality Park place;

IN THE THIRD WARD at the Ward Room in No. 1 Fire Station building, Mill street;

IN THE FOURTH WARD, at the Ward Room in No. 3 Fire Station building, Young street;

IN THE FIFTH WARD, in the Engine Room No. 6 Fire Station, Thames street;

AND, to give in their ballots, as provided by law, for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney General and General Treasurer, and for one Senator and five Representatives from this city to the General Assembly for the ensuing year; AND, in order that pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII of the Constitution the proposed amendment be read to the electors when thus assembled, with the names of the Senators and Representatives who voted thereon, with the Yeas and Nays, before the election of Senator and Representatives shall be had. AND, WHEREAS, the City COUNCIL of said city of Newport, on the 5th day of March 1895 passed a Resolution in the words following, viz:—

"*Resolved*, That the following proposition be submitted to the electors of this city qualified to vote upon any proposition to impose a tax or for the expenditure of money, at the ward meetings to be holden Wednesday April 3, next, viz:—"Shall the City Council be authorized to issue Four per cent. thirty year bonds of this city, to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars, principal and interest payable in gold, to provide funds for the following described purposes? viz:—For Sheet Asphalt pavement in Thames street, between Bridge street and Cannon street, $17,000; For new Roadbed in Bellevue avenue from Bath road to Memory street south, $23,000; For new Roadbeds in Ridge road and Harrison avenue, $10,000; For purchase of land and erection of a new School House in Fifth Ward, $30,000; For new No. 5 Fire Station, $9,000; For a Chemical Fire Engine $2,000; For extension of No. 7 Fire Station $1,000 and for improvement of Morton Park $2,000."

"*Resolved*, That the City Clerk is hereby directed to insert said proposition in his warrant calling said ward meetings and to provide ballots therefor for the use of said electors at said ward meetings."

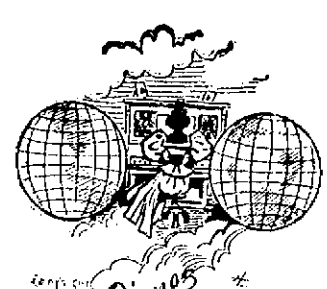
WHEREFORE, the electors of this city qualified to vote upon any proposition to impose a tax or for the expenditure of money are hereby notified to give in their ballots, as provided by law, upon the aforesaid proposition, at the beforenamed places in their respective wards, on said Wednesday, the third day of April, 1895.

SAID WARD MEETINGS, according to law, will be kept open from half past six o'clock in the morning until half past six o'clock in the evening, and no longer.

WITNESS MY HAND, this twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1895.

WILLIAM G. STEVENS,
City Clerk.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.



Music of the spheres delights the spheres and all who dwell upon them. The player and playing are both charming, the more especially as she is playing one of our JEWETT PIANOS. Instruments like ours afford full scope for musical ability and make the music of the spheres more pleasing than ever. When the musician and the music are of the best, much is expected; but even music and musicians owe much to their instrument, and certainly no debt can be larger than that of music and musicians to our ..... PIANOS. The most competent musicians acknowledge it and pronounce our instruments a best in use.

JOHN MOGERS, 210 Thames Street.

Ralph Wood,
Piano Tuner,
WITH JOHN ROGER
210 THAMES STREET.

ALBERT P. GRANDALL,
199 Spring Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Piano, Church and Reed Organ Tuner.

FOR SALE—A church organ of two manuals and seventeen registers, almost new; a rare bargain. Also a one manual reed organ at a low figure, and a two manual reed organ in good condition suited for small church or chapel.

OFFICE OF THE
CITY SEALER
OF
WEIGHTS AND MEAURSES.

CITY WHARF,
NEWPORT, R. I., March 14, 1895.

I HEREBY give notice as required by law, to all persons engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who uses Weights and Measures, to bring in to the Sealer's Office within one month from the 1st day of April, his Weights, Measures and Balances to be adjusted and sealed.

The law on Weights and Measures and Sealing, Chap. 140, Sec. 13, is as follows:

"Every person engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who shall use or permit to be used for him, any weight, measure or balance of whatever description, unless such weight, measure or balance shall have been duly sealed in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, shall forfeit the sum of twenty dollars."

JOHN H. STACY,
City Sealer of Weights and Measures.

All measures, both dry and wet, must be brought to the Sealer's Office. Where it is not convenient for dealers to bring in their scales and weights, I shall call on them after the expiration of one month's notice as above.

JOHN H. STACY, City Sealer.

For the convenience of milkmen I will be at office this month out. Office hours 10 to 12 A. M.

Inquire for
The Guyer



This trademark on inside of every hat.
Spring Style - - 1895.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

If not, go to your grocer and ask for

A. R. ANTHONY'S
R. I. CORN MEAL,

And you will use no other. All orders will be promptly filled.

MIDDLETOWN, R. I

P. O. Box 297.

The Best
WHEELS YET.
$15.00.
Call and see them at
STEVENS'S,
48 & 50 SPRING STREET.
Carriage Painting.

ASH'S FISH MARKET,
3 MARKET SQUARE.
Smelts, Lobsters, Oysters and Clams Fresh Every Day.

NOW OPEN AT
Schreier's Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,
New Spring Shapes in Hats and Bonnets
In Straw, Chip and Neapolitan. Latest Novelties in Millinery Trimming.
ESTABLISHED 1810.

Millions Of Johnny Cakes have been made from
Boyd Brothers' R. I. Meal,
But do not think it's all used up. You can still get a package from your grocer. IMITATIONS are on the market, look out for them. P. O. address, Portsmouth, R. I.

GROCERIES
BUTTER.
We are now selling very choice fresh-made tub butter, also one pound prints and five-pound boxes, all at
REDUCED PRICES.
PECKHAM & MANCHESTER
68 BROADWAY.

Health Food Exhibit.
FREE!
—AT—
James A. Eddy's,
Groceries and Provisions,
250 Thames St.,
MARCH 26 to 30.

The following Hygienic Foods served free:
Pettijohn's Breakfast Gem, served hot, frozen and in griddle cakes.
Old Grist Mill Entire Wheat Coffee, hot, in jellies and ice cream.
Old Grist Mill Entire Wheat Flour, made into bread and muffins.
The Original Boston Brown Bread Mixture, free loaf Saturday.
3000 LOAVES OLD GRIST MILL HEALTH BREAD TO BE GIVEN.

JAMES. A. EDDY,
Cash Grocery and Market.

John H. Crosby, Jr.
BELLEVUE AVENUE,
DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES,
Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables of all kinds, Choice Teas, Pure Spices and Coffees, Butter and Cheese from best Vermont and New York dairies constantly on hand. A large variety of Standard Canned Goods, also a complete assortment of goods usually kept in a first class store.

ESTABLISHED 1814.
New Goods.
Cromarty Bloaters,
English Scaled Herring,
Norway and No. 1 Bloater Mackerel
Mellin's Food, Highland Evaporated Cream, Maggi Bouillon, Liebig's, Armour's and Valentine's Extract of Beef, Bovinine.
Fancy Jamaica Oranges.
C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

Quinine Whiskey
Prevents and Cures a Cold.
GREATEST TONIC KNOWN
Sold in all the principal saloons in Newport.
T. J. LYON, Sole Agent.

GROCERIES.
ALL THE LEADING PATENT MEDICINES, PILLS, PLASTERS AND INFANT FOODS
—AT—
The Boston Grocery,
(Smith's Building, Broadway),
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

For the week beginning March 25 we will endeavor to show you the possibilities of the H. O. Oats and the superiority of Horsford's Baking Powder.
S. S. THOMPSON,
172 & 176 BROADWAY.

ESTABLISHED 1836.
Anise Seed,
Wholesale and Retail.
PELEG BRYER & SON,
25 & 27 BROADWAY.

Colonel's Best Flour,
$4 a Bbl.; 55c. a Bag.
25 of the best Lemons, 25c.
Oranges one cent each.
24 lbs. Granulated Sugar, $1.
Best Canned Sweet Corn in the city, 7c. a can.
REDUCTION ON PRICES OF ALL GOODS.
D. E. YOUNG,
130 THAMES STREET.

Fire! Fire! Fire!
Hardware Stock Cheap!
Consisting of
Brass and Iron Butts and Hinges, Brass and Iron Screws,
Forks, Rakes and Shovels,
Nails, Hooks and Pulleys,
Locks, Scythes and Cycles,
Washing Machines and Hardware of all kinds. Come early for Bargains.
23 JOHN STREET, JUST ABOVE SPRING

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Cleaning Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 396 Thames Street.
Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone connection.

This Morning's News.

CONTINUED FROM SIXTH PAGE.

NASHUA BANK CLOSED.

Combination of Adverse Circumstances Crippled its Business.

NASHUA, March 27.—The Nashua Savings bank closed its doors yesterday, an injunction having been issued against it on application of the bank examiner. Several reasons are given for this proceeding, the principal one being the very large falling off in deposits, thereby compelling the bank to sell its securities to meet the calls until a point was reached at which the principal of all other depositors would be imperilled if the forced sale continued. The officials claim to be able to pay all depositors in full.

News of the suspension of the bank spread quickly and caused great excitement throughout the city, although among many financiers something of the sort has been anticipated for some time. This feeling extended to the depositors of the bank, and since Jan. 1 more than $250,000 has been paid them, while notices of withdrawal for April amount to $100,000 more.

The Cause of the Trouble.

The treasurer, V. C. Gilman, summed up the situation as follows: "The bank asked the commissioner to consider the question of voluntary liquidation. The reasons for such a course are continued adverse legislation, compelling the banks to reduce the rate of interest to 3 per cent, which caused and continues to cause large withdrawals; the panic of '93, which filled all timid depositors with alarm and led to the withdrawal of all they could get under the rules; continued business depression, necessitating withdrawals of large sums for legitimate use and the loss of three successive crops of the west, so that the farmers had nothing to sell, and therefore could not pay the interest on their mortgage loans nor their notes at the local banks, and the banks in turn had to suspend unless help was furnished.

Although nearly $3,000,000 is involved, the officials claim that they will be able to pay dollar for dollar, and it is generally believed that the assets are sufficient to pay the depositors in full, if time is allowed to convert them to best advantage and losses do not occur.

The last statement of the bank, issued Jan. 1, 1895, shows the amount due depositors to be $2,703,482.78; surplus and guaranty fund, $113,077.21, and amount due other banks, $80,000. The market value of the assets was figured at $2,925,721.89, with a par value of $3,002,265.28; of the latter amount $516,075.02 was in western investments.

On Beacon Hill.

BOSTON, March 27.—The senate repudiated the tuberculin test as a safe diagnostic agent for the detection of tuberculosis in bovine cattle. The senate, in so voting, rejected the judgment of the state board of cattle commissioners and the committees on public health and agriculture. The bill to authorize the Brookline Gas company to lay its pipes to and across the Fort Point channel was engrossed after a somewhat embittered debate. The committee on taxation reported a new draft of a bill to provide for taxing property of residents of this state held by foreign trustees. Lowell's water supply bill was engrossed in the house. A bill to abate the smoke nuisance in Boston was reported by the committee on cities.

Severe Penalty Imposed.

BOSTON, March 27.—Judge Nelson sentenced Major John McDonough, formerly assistant superintendent of the delivery department of the Boston postoffice, to five years in the state prison, for the embezzlement of a letter on Feb. 2 last. This is the full penalty provided by law. McDonough was employed at the Boston postoffice for 31 years. He served throughout the war of the rebellion, coming out a major. He was prominent in Grand Army circles. He is 56 years of age.

Market Boy's Ghastly Find.

BOSTON, March 27.—A boy employed at a market, while driving through Pine street yesterday, saw a queer looking bundle on the sidewalk. He picked up the mysterious package and took it to station 4 where the bundle was opened and found to contain two infants. The infants had been born only a few hours and were stillbirths.

A Somnolent Child.

GLOUCESTER, March 27.—Virginia, the 6-year-old daughter of Mrs. W. M. Pierce of Pigeon Cove, has been asleep since last Friday, except when violently aroused, at which times she remains awake only a few minutes. Her pulse and temperature are normal. The case is perplexing the physicians in this locality.

Chasing Postoffice Robbers.

PORTLAND, March 27.—United States officers here have known for a long time that an organized gang of robbers were systematically touring through Maine, burglarizing postoffices as they went. This gang was located at Oliver place, Boston. The officers are now on the tracks of two of them.

Scarlet Fever Epidemic.

AMESBURY, Mass., March 27.—An epidemic of scarlet fever is prevailing at Salisbury and Seabrooke, adjacent towns.

New England Briefs.

Rev. Frederick W. Holland died at Concord, Mass.

Mary McNeil attempted to commit suicide in the Charles river at Boston, but was rescued.

A number of Massachusetts people are helping in the work at the Madura mission in India.

Raymond Cleaves, 6 years old, of Old Orchard, Me., died from injuries received by a fall while at play on a pile of lumber.

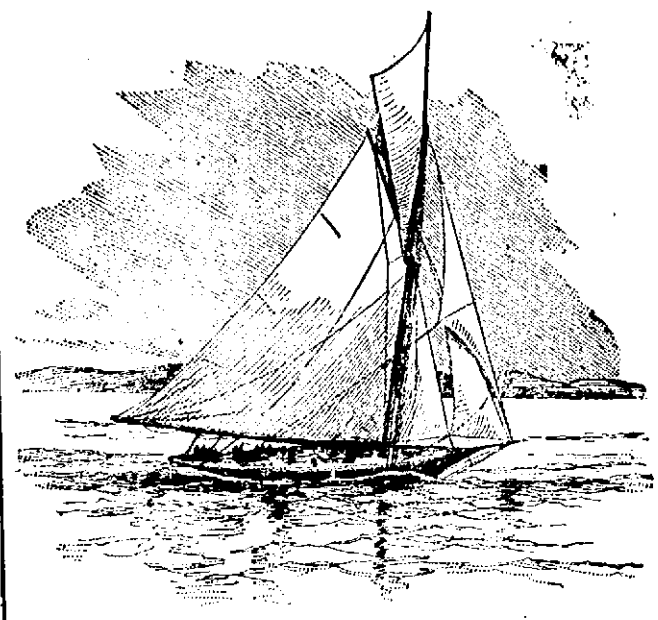
John Jordan was held for arson at a hearing before Justice Young at Barkhamstead, Conn., and bound over to the superior court.

At a meeting of the selectmen of Marblehead, Eleazer Atwood was reappointed chief of police. The selectmen organized as a board of health.

A referee decided in favor of the Vermont Central railroad in the first of the 15 suits brought against it by as many insurance companies.

John M. Murdock of Portland, Conn., has been appointed state's attorney for Middlesex county, to succeed William T. Elmer, elected judge of the superior court.

Woodbury & Moulton of Portland were the highest bidders for the $50,000 of 4 per cent refunding bonds of the county of Cumberland. They paid $4.21 premium on the lot.



JOHN BULL'S SWIFT YACHT AILSA.

The swift Scotch yacht Ailsa has beaten the Britannia so often that she will doubtless succeed in worsting the Valkyrie III and come to America to sail for the America's cup under Lord Dunraven's challenge. The new cup defender must be a flier if she defeats the Ailsa.

DISAPPOINTMENT.

Snuggling closely in a tiny bay on the shore of Long Island sound is one of the most romantic little villages in America. The beautiful lawns of the old family homesteads stretch down to the very water's edge, and the shore is dotted with white sails and moving, restless rowboats. The breakers come in with ceaseless, even movement, making a fluffy foam like the lacy embroidery on a baby's frock. Huge steamboats, veritable palaces afloat, puff sturdily and calmly along, pushing up a foamy spray of water and leaving behind a tumultuous tempest of boiling rapids. Picturesque clam diggers, with their enormous forks and rakes, tramp along the beach, their queer figures standing out in sharp contrast with the crowds of jolly bathers, who splash and shriek and tumble around with the agility of mermaids playing at hide and seek.

Down the box edged walks of one of the sleepy old mansions came Beatrice Radcliffe. After her came Tom Darrows, a handsome fellow and the idol of the petticoat portion of the village. Tom and Beatrice were excellent friends, a distant link of relationship giving them a cousinly affection. They rowed together, played tennis together, walked, drove and sang together—in fact, they were the most congenial of companions. This day they had planned a short excursion along the shores of the sound. They were going in Tom's canoe, and Beatrice had taken her guitar with her.

"The sound looks as if it were singing a lullaby today, the waves come in with such calm regularity," Beatrice remarked.

Tom laughed softly, and tilting back his white yachting cap looked smilingly at his pretty companion. "You always were a sentimental little puss," said he. "Now, when I looked at the water my first thought was whether or not the flounders would bite a day like this."

"Lullabies and flounders," mused Beatrice. "I suppose if I were to mention that the sky looked like a blue velvet jewel case you'd remark that the sight of a few clouds reminded you that you needed a new mackintosh or that you should order a dozen pairs of overshoes." Then after a pause she continued: "I often wonder how men ever write poetry or romances. I think that is certainly woman's work. Men are such prosaic creatures." They reached the little landing place. Tom helped Beatrice into the canoe, and they paddled away, the easy motion of the waves making rowing comfortable. Beatrice began to sing some old college song.

"I wish you'd stop that," Tom said impatiently. "I want to talk to you."

Beatrice ceased singing and made a mock bow of submissiveness.

"I received a telegram from father today," said Tom. "He wants me to go to Omaha at once. His confidential clerk is ill, and he's in a fix. Says he won't trust his business matters to a new man." "I can't tell you how sorry I am," said she, with a queer little sob, that she considered very weak and silly. "I think—I think"—Then she took up the guitar, and in order to hide her unhappiness at the dismal prospect of a farewell she began to twang the instrument's strings. After a few moments of that she said: "Let's land here. The beach is so sandy, and they say the shells are beautiful."

Tom drew the canoe toward shore and helped Beatrice out. They walked along, and both felt a loneliness almost indescribable. They chatted about the past and tried to talk cheerfully of the future, but through all their talk there was a feeling of unhappiness that a coming parting always sends before it. As they returned to the boat, Tom picked up a large shell that was beautifully colored with the tints of an opal and having the smooth face of a pearl. He gave the shell to Beatrice.

It was twilight when they reached the little landing place and walked up the box edged pathway. At the door Tom took Beatrice's hand and said: "I didn't tell you before, but I leave at 8 tonight. My trunks are already at the station, and I'll not see you again before train time. So"—here he pressed her hand tenderly—"little woman, I must say goodby, and I do hope that next summer we'll repeat this happy one, although of course we'll meet before that time."

And with that he turned and left her standing there in the doorway. As she heard the dying echoes of his footsteps on the gravel walk she stretched her arms out into the gloom of the falling twilight and whispered, "Oh, Tom, dear, I can't bear to have you go away!"

* * * * * * *

"This penholder," wrote Beatrice to Tom just before the great day of folly and good will, "was made of the shell that you picked upon the beach that day when you told me so suddenly that you were going away. I trust and know that you will value it for its pleasant associations. I am going to Omaha soon to be bridesmaid for my dearest friend, Ethel Stoddard, and of course will expect you to call on me, you wretched, neglectful man! Please don't give this penholder to your best girl."

New Year's had passed when Beatrice arrived at Omaha. Ethel was to be married the first week in February. There was a deal of flurrying and fussing when Beatrice greeted her friend, and the house was atmosphered with the general air of unrest that invariably precedes a marriage ceremony. Ethel's letters to Beatrice had been brief and spasmodic, and the name of the bridegroom had not been mentioned. He was always "dear boy" and "my sweetheart" in Ethel's letters. So the very day that Beatrice arrived there were loads of secrets to divulge and gossip unmeasurable to be told.

"Oh, the queerest thing happened," Ethel bubbled almost before Beatrice had removed her hat. "Some girl sent the dear boy the very sweetest Christmas present you ever saw, and what did the silly do but bring it right to me! He said, too, that he thought the girl was always rather in love with him; but, you know, he doesn't care a row of pins for her, and—oh, yes, here it is. Isn't it lovely?" And Ethel held up a little shell penholder.

"It certainly is very sweet and pretty," said Beatrice, with calm dignity, as she realized that the "dear boy" was the dear Tom who for three years had been the hero of her thoughts, the object of her faithful affection.

"His name is Tom Darrow, dear," Ethel continued, not noticing her friend's pale face, "and we're desperately in love—make perfect minutes of ourselves, you know. Tom's such a spoon."

"I wish you both much joy and happiness," said Beatrice. "I happen to know Tom Darrow. He will no doubt make a model husband."—Chicago News.

NOTICES.

Notice of Removal.

Being obliged to vacate my present store, 293 Thames street, I have taken a lease of the store 379 Thames street, formerly occupied by Mr James A Eddy, where I intend to open about March 30 with a more complete line of groceries than heretofore. I sincerely thank all of my old customers for their past patronage and hope for a continuance of the same and many new ones in my new store.

Previous to removal I will have a closing out sale of groceries at greatly reduced prices and it will pay you to give me a call.

JOHN H. MORAN,
293 Thames street.

NOTICE.

CANVASS.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN of the City of Newport will be in session as a Board of Canvassers at their chamber in the City Hall on

FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1895,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

for the purpose of canvassing, correcting and completing the Ward Lists of Voters in Newport, for the Ward Meetings to be holden on Wednesday, the 3d day of April, 1895.

Witness my hand,
WILLIAM G. STEVENS, City Clerk.

PROVISIONS.

It is Easy to Save Money

When you buy genuine

R. I. Potatoes at 85c. a bushel.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

346 and 348 Thames St.

New Potatoes,

Hothouse Tomatoes, String Beans,
Green Peas, Mushrooms,
Rhubarb, Cauliflowers, etc.,

AT THE

SEA SIDE MARKET.

FINE

Florida Oranges

25 cents a dozen,

—AT—

F. B. COGGESHALL'S,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Cheap Meat.

There is no economy in buying cheap, half spoiled meat. Pay a trifle more and have your meats delivered clean and wholesome from

A. A. Tilley & Co.

Meats and Groceries.

PHIL STEVENS,

48 & 50 Thames Street

INSTRUCTION

HARRY K. HOWARD,
(Pupil of Emil Mollenhaur, Boston)
TEACHER OF VIOLIN,
7 EXTENSION STREET.
Orchestral music furnished for any occasion.

MRS. F. M. SPOONER
Will receive a limited number of pupils in Vocal Instruction,
19 BAY VIEW AVENUE.

MRS. ELEANA G. CRANDALL,
Organist Channing Memorial Church, will receive pupils for Piano and Organ Instruction at residence, 192 Spring Street. Accompanist. Call between eleven and two.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
(Organist Central Baptist Church)
Teacher of Organ and Piano and Accompanist
83 Broadway, 6 to 7 P. M.

M. PERRELETTE GIRARD,
BARITONE,
Voice Culture, Italian Method.
Studio 76 Division Street

NOTICE.

Although I have accepted the position as organist of the Baptist Temple, Fall River, I still extend to retain my residence in Newport and will be pleased to receive applications for instruction in organ, piano and harmony. Address 83 Spring St., or care of Rogers's music store.
EDWARD Y. MASON.

Alfred C. Langley, A.M.,
(Organist at Trinity Church.)
PRIVATE TUTOR,
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
1 School Street. Call from 1.30 to 3 P. M.

IF YOU INTEND TO

PAINT

THIS SPRING, TRY

H. W. JOHNS' LIQUID PAINT,

The best and most economical paint for all purposes For sale by

A. HAMMETT,
Lumber and Hardware,
321 THAMES STREET.

For Stomach Troubles
It is sure to bring relief, regulate and tone the system, and by eradicating the disease, make you well again.
TRY IT.

TAKE IT

For Blood Diseases
There is no surer or safer remedy, nor one so quick to act. The first dose will relieve.
TRY IT.

Blood Wine

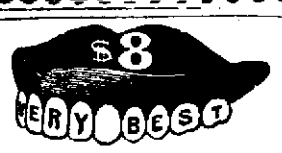
Contains No Wine or Alcohol.

For Liver and Kidney Diseases
It acts with surprising success. Weak Back and Bright's Disease, etc., etc., are attacked by this matchless remedy and overcome.

IT CURES

For Nervous Diseases
No case is yet recorded of this remedy failing to cure.
Its magic power is particularly felt in the treatment of these diseases.

THE LOUIS DAUDELIN COMPANY,
Worcester, Mass.



COMPLEX

Modern dentistry is too complex for one man to master, hence the advantage of an association, where there is a specialist for each branch. Practice makes perfect, and it is constant practice in his particular department that makes each of our operators an expert.
Expert dentistry is painless.

Extracting, 25c. With Zono (no sleep) or gas, 50c. Silver filling, 75c. Platina, $1. Gold, according to size. Gold crowns, $3 50. Very best teeth, $8.

U. S. DENTAL ASSOCIATION,
MUSIC HALL, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Stearns Bicycles

For Ladies, 19 to 26 pounds.

Stearns Bicycles

For Men, 18 to 26 pounds.

The STEARNS is the finest and most popular wheel of the day.

Newport Bicycle Agency,
148 Thames Street.
EDWARD GRIFFITH.

CLOTHING.

Good, well-fitting Garments

Cost money, but who is so rich that he can afford to wear ill-fitting clothes at business. It doesn't pay.

Order a Suit at

McLENNAN BROTHERS,
184 Thames Street.

Our alterations leave us with

COUNTERS,
TABLES,
FRENCH PLATE GLASS

On hand, which we will sell at almost any price.
Call at once.

LANGLEY & SON.
174 THAMES STREET.

Otto takes orders for Easter Suits. The newest goods at reasonable prices. 244 Thames St.

Reduction in Price

IN FALL AND WINTER

Goods Suitable for Early Spring

—AT—

GEANEY'S, 19 Franklin Street.

Sensational Announcement Later!

Just now we wish to call your attention to our

Custom Department.

Our new Spring Samples have arrived and are a better selection than we ever received before. Prices lower than ever. You may not believe it, but we have about 40 new samples from which we can make to order Suits from $12 to $35, Trousers from $3.50 to $10, and give you a satisfactory fit or no sale. Over 250 orders to prove this statement. Compare these prices with what you have been paying and ask yourself "WHY NOT TRY BENNETT THIS TIME?"

Bennett's One Price Clothing Store

Opposite Cotton's Drug Store

FLORISTS.

For Spring Planting.

Crimson Rambler Climbing Roses. New. Wichuraiana Creeping Roses.
Hardy Perpetual and Tea Roses.
Tree Roses, Rosa Rugosa, Baltimore Bells and Prairie Roses.

Newport Nursery Company.
VERNON AVENUE.

Choice and Fresh

Cut Flowers

CAN ALWAYS BE HAD AT

HASS'S, - - 234 Thames Street.

Funeral and wedding work a specialty, and at very low rates.
Connected by telephone.

GENUINE

Home-made Candies

—AT—

144 THAMES STREET.

Your children know

FENTON'S

From all factory made goods.

Watches, Jewelry and Silver Tableware
Also Silver Novelties.
Diamond Jewelry at Very Low Prices.
—AT—
E. C. BLAINEY'S, 246 Thames Street

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

CLOTHING.

Our Spring Goods

Have arrived, and we would like to show them to you. Perhaps you need a business suit; if so we will talk prices with you.

Peter Coca,
140 1-2 Thames Street.

Cleaning and repairing neatly done.

H. D. SPOONER,
TAILOR,
REMOVED
—TO—
233 1-2 Thames St.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

"Mattresses Made Over,"
"Furniture Upholstered,"
"Awnings Made,"
"Furniture Made to Order,"
"Furnitur Repaired,"
"Furniture Refinished"
"DRAPERIES HUNG."

Carpets, Rugs, Mattings and a Full Line of Furniture sold by

J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 Church Street.
J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.

Spring Medicine

Is all right when you need it, but the chances are you are a great deal more in need of an easy and comfortable

Spring Bed.

A good sleep every night will do you more good than medicine.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
15 FRANKLIN STREET.



JUST RECEIVED,

Sixteen Decorated Dinner Sets,

112 pieces, colors pink, blue and brown, at $10 a set. These sets are real bargains at this price. Inspection invited. Great reduction in Granite and Agate Ware. Macbeth's Pearl Top Lamp Chimneys always in stock.

JAMES F. MARDEN,
Cottrell's Block, 338 Thames Street.

UPHOLSTERING,

Mattress Making, Repairing, Chair Seating.

Let us have your orders NOW, before the rush begins, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
101 & 103 Thames Street.

FINANCIAL.

£ FOREIGN EXCHANGE. £

Exchange on all parts of Europe for sale at current prices. London Correspondents, Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co. Paris Correspondents, Messrs. Drexel, Harjes & Co. Foreign money bought and sold; also mutilated currency and silver.
A. S. SHERMAN, Merchants' Bank.

CITY MORTGAGES

Upon central, improved, income, title insured property NETTING 6 PER CENT. INTEREST payable at your own bank. CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS TIONS. Safe and profitable.
HENRY A. TOWNSEND,
18 RHODE ISLAND AVE., NEWPORT, R. I.
Defaulted Western Securities and Foreclosed Properties Purchased.

THE

Baldwin Brothers Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

New York, Boston and Chicago.

Stocks, Bonds, Grains, cash or margin. No interest charged on New York stocks.

Newport Office, 197 Thames St.
H. HULL, JR., Manager.

BLUE BIRD,

The best 5c. Cigar in the city,
TRY THEM.
THEO. BIGALKE,
11 BROADWAY.

Baby Carriages.

If you come early you of course get first choice. We are offering this year an extra selection, and it will pay you to call and examine.

W. K. Covell,

163 Thames Street.



This is a fair illustration of the resistance everybody is bound to make when in danger of being

TAKEN IN.

There is no need of being in any such plight if you will use

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial,

which is pure, effective and agreeable to take. To use it once is to use it always.

For sale by druggists and grocers.

35 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

New Prices.

White Ash, all sizes,	$5.75
Red Ash Stove,	7.00
Lykens Valley,	7.50

25c. per ton discount for SPOT cash.

ABRAM ALMY,

173 THAMES STREET.

STRAWBERRIES

Received fresh every day.

Pineapples, Grape Fruit,
Sweet Florida and Navel Oranges.

CARRY BROTHERS,

257 & 259 THAMES STREET.

Faulty Vision

Is more or less general in this rushing age. Eyes are often overworked; need help. Glasses may prove of wonderful benefit and relief. We fit them and guarantee every pair we sell. We are closing out several lots below cost to make room for new styles.

HERRMANN'S,

219 THAMES STREET.

Newport Illuminating Company.

LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER.

Electric Radiators, Coffee and Teapots, Kettles, Ovens, Sad Irons, Broilers, Toasters, etc., etc.

MOTORS in all sizes.

Stores, offices and residences wired and lighted by Incandescent Electric Light at lowest rates.

Call and see our

New Line of Electric and Gas Shades

In all colors and designs.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET.

The changes we have just made in our Warerooms enable us to display our elegant line of first class

PIANOS

to better advantage than ever. The public are cordially invited to call whether they wish to buy or not. We are always pleased to show our goods.

James H. Barney, Jr., & Co.,

Rep. M. Steinert & Sons Co.,

154 Thames Street.

We have a large assortment of choice

Dried Fruits,

Consisting of

Peaches, Pears, Fr. Prunes,
Cal. Silver Prunes,
Apricots, Turkish Figs,
The new Selected Pulled Figs
Prunelles and Dates.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,

16 & 21 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

"J. S. Terry."

Schooner J. S. Terry arrived this morning with cargo of genuine fresh mined

"Franklin Coal"

OF

LYKENS VALLEY.

This coal is the very best mined, deep red ashes, and will burn entirely up without any waste.

FOR

Perry Brothers.

Ready for Business.

New Carpets AND Wall Papers.

Prices as low as possible for standard goods

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 THAMES STREET.

OBSTACLES TO NAVIGATION.

A capable man is in charge of the engineer's office at Newport, but he should have more push or more discretion. For almost a month mention has been made of the presence off Point Judith of a menace to navigation in the shape of a partly sunken large. Its exact location has been named, but for some reason nothing has been done to remove the obstruction. If the fault is to be charged to the red tape wound about the affairs of the office, shipping men should see to it that there is a change.

From all appearances it is the system and not the engineers that is at fault. Floating hulks are reported from different places and at different times. This is not becoming in an active nation like the United States. It should be so that a day would not elapse between the announcement of an obstruction and its destruction, whether it be a rock or a wreck. The equipment of the engineers ought to be like that maintained by railroad corporations, which are prepared at an hour's notice to deal with hindrances to travel. It is criminal neglect that nothing is done on the country's waterways until after tedious delays.—[Fall River Herald.

The Herald should know that according to an act of Congress no action can be taken by the engineer's office toward removing a wreck or sunken obstruction until two months after the wreck takes place, the owners of the craft being given that time to remove the vessel. In all those cases where wrecks are serious obstructions to navigation, the War Department is at once notified, but all the officials can do is to direct the engineer officer to go ahead according to law, and remove the wrecks after the sixty days has expired. In the case of the Royal Arch, sunk off Chatham, if the engineer officers could have attacked the wreck immediately after it occurred, it could have been cleared away in a few days. Before the sixty days had passed winter storms came on, and the diver and assistants remained in the vicinity for two months, vainly waiting for a day fit to work on the wreck, which was a serious menace to navigation.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

A few evenings since Mr. and Mrs. John Hargraves, Mrs. Evans and Miss Rose F. Faulkner, all of Fall River, came to Bristol Ferry and spent the evening with Mr. and Mrs. Oliver G. Hicks, the anniversary of whose marriage occurred at that time. They left for home on the train that leaves Bristol Ferry for Fall River at about 9:30, and when near Fall River the car jumped the track, but all escaped injury except Mrs. Hargraves, who was somewhat bruised, although not seriously. The railroad company was promptly on hand the next day and made matters right so far as money could do so.

Miss Kate L. Durfee went to Providence on the Queen City, Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Ephraim Sanford of Adamsville arrived in town Tuesday morning, and is guest of the family of her brother, Mr. Willard S. Brayton.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr William Goddard of Newport was in town yesterday.

Mr. Daniel Hunter left for New York last night for a visit of a few days.

Mr. Perry Johnson has gone to Providence to visit relatives.

Mr. George Ward received two fine cows from Kingston yesterday.

A few farmers are at work plowing and harrowing, preparatory to sowing grain.

Mr and Mrs. John B. DeBlois of Newport were in town yesterday.

Mr. Lincoln Sherman has received two car loads of seed potatoes from Maine.

The farmers meeting, with an address by Mr. James Rankin on "Why I Like the Farm," will be held at the town hall tonight instead of last evening. The lecture will be under the auspices of the state board of agriculture, in connection with Aquidneck Grange. As it is a free entertainment, there will no doubt be a large attendance.

The Women's Christian Temperance Union, assisted by the Loyal Temperance Legion, is preparing to give an interesting entertainment at the town hall Monday, April 1.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. John Carol is here from Montreal.

—Schooner J. S. Terry is in, with a cargo of coal for Perry Brothers.

—Mrs. Paul Dahlgren and Miss Dahlgren have returned from New York.

—Miss M. E. Tobin is in New York, attending the spring millinery openings.

—The plate glass for Mr. Kazanjian's block has arrived and been placed in position.

—Miss Keough, of Bellevue avenue, who has been in New York for some time, returned this morning.

—The weekly union Lenten service this evening will be held at St. John's Church on Washington street.

—Mr. J. D. Richardson is putting a new glass front on the south side of his place of business on Thames street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan Winthrop have again leased Pinard cottage No. 3, which they have occupied since it was built.

—Mr. Barclay Hazard of San Francisco, owner of "Vaucluse," is in town. He says that this noted place is not for sale.

—Mr. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Augustus Jay, Colonel George B. McClellan and Mr. J. W. Mackay, Jr., sailed for Europe today.

—Rev. James Fogarty of Warren, formerly assistant at St. Mary's Church in this city, will preach at St. Joseph's at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

—Training ship Essex, Commander Louis Kingsley, arrived yesterday at St. Thomas, West Indies, where she will remain until April 5, sailing thence for Yorktown, Va.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. McQueen, formerly of this city, contemplate removing here from Louisville this summer. Mr. McQueen was formerly leader of the New Hampshire band and orchestra.

—The store keepers are put to much annoyance by the dust stirred up by the street sweepers, who, for unknown reasons, do not utilize hand sprinklers. A vigorous protest will be made by the sufferers.

—The United States Express Company will ship twenty-two large cases of goods to Brighton, England, tonight for Mr. O. H. Burrows. This is one of the largest European shipments made here for a long time.

—Mr. William Crehan, in advance of Oliver Doud Byron, who will be seen at the Opera House April 1 in "Ups and Downs of Life," and Mr. J. W. Vogel, ahead of Al Field's Minstrels, booked for April 2, were in town yesterday.

—The entertainment committee of the Newport Artillery has arranged for Mr. Charles Frohman's company, now playing at the Empire Theatre, New York, to present "Aristocracy" at the Opera House Friday evening, May 10, for the company's benefit.

—A travesty on the opera of Romeo and Juliet will be given in Fall River April 5, in which Mr. H. J. Jernegan, agent of the Windsor line, and well known to musicians in this city, will play Romeo, and Mr. W. T. Stevens, Jr., formerly of this city, will appear as Lord Capulet.

—Grand High Priest Anthony and Grand Lecturer Richardson visited and inspected Newport Royal Arch Chapter, No. 2, last evening. There was a fair attendance, and the degree was creditably worked by High Priest A. J. DeBlois. Brief remarks were made and a collation was served.

—The successful comedy-drama, "Friends," will be presented at the Opera House this evening by the same company which appeared here last season. The demand for reserved seats assures a good-sized audience, and clearly shows that a good attraction will be well patronized in Newport.

—This evening Charles E. Lawton Post, G. A. R., will give a farewell reception to Rev. H. B. Cady of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church, who is department chaplain of the state. It is probable that some formal action will be taken in relation to the formation of the Charles E. Lawton Association, for which a number of names have already been secured.

—Yesterday Captain Lowney of the Newport Base Ball Club, accompanied by Mr. Kelley of the New Bedford Journal, was in town, looking over the new grounds, which, considering the weather and the fact that snow has covered the field until within a few days past, are in good condition. As soon as the ground is fit for working, Captain Cotton will resume work on the playing field, as it is desired to have it in condition for the use of the Rogers High School team.

—Special services will be held at the Friends' Church next Tuesday afternoon and evening, when Mrs. E. W. Whittemore of New York will speak of her rescue work in behalf of outcast women in the slums of the metropolis. Mrs. Whittemore is the founder of "The Door of Hope," a home for outcast women and girls in New York city, and her addresses will prove of interest not only to those who are interested in Christian work, but to those who, like the women of New York, need help towards a better life.

—A very pleasant birthday party was held at the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church last evening, and was well attended. The program consisted of singing by a quartette, consisting of Miss Buchanan, Miss Bailey, Mr. Rankin and Mr. Tilley; piano solos by Miss Marian Dowling and Miss Mabel French, banjo selections by the Misses Griffith and Mr. Holland, violin solo by Miss Anna Crandall, accompanied by Miss Dowling; vocal duet by Miss Buchanan and Miss Bailey and humorous readings by Mr. Rankin. Cake and chocolate were served. The birthday bags netted about $50.

—Mr. J. K. Sullivan has begun repairs to the building and roadbed of the yacht club property on Sayer's wharf. The buildings on the south side will be painted and altered so that they can be used for housing carriages, leaving the wharf proper clear. The roadbed will be dug out and re-built, and the sidewalk will be similarly treated, so that when the yachting season arrives everything will be in condition for the large number of carriages expected on the wharf during the season. The club will have much more room, and the pier will look very much better than last season.

—The fire department committee at its meeting last evening approved the monthly bills and transacted a considerable amount of routine business, ordering minor repairs to the hook and ladder house. Twelve bids for building the new engine house on Touro and Mary streets were received, but no action was taken upon them. The petition for a steam gong, to be attached to the fire alarm system, was considered at length, and action was postponed. The members of the committee are unanimous in the opinion that such a signal is very desirable, but are not yet ready to recommend it to the City Council.

—Since her return, six months ago, from duty as flagship of the Asiatic station, the old frigate Lancaster has been tied up alongside the dock at the New York navy yard, where her hull and decks have been thoroughly overhauled, and arrangements have been made for a modern gun battery. It is not known as yet whether the Lancaster will be sent here to be used as a gunnery practice ship for the naval apprentices, as first intended, or whether she will be put in commission for active service in tropical waters, where wooden ships are more comfortable and more economical than steel vessels.

—Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton, at the request of eminent men and women of England, has decided to spend six months of each year in London and the other six, the last half of the year, he will reside in New York. He is an expert on insanity. The doctor's cottage at Price's Neck is to be rented for the coming summer. Dr. Hamilton came to Newport yesterday as a government expert, to decide upon the value of goods brought here from Europe for Mr. Robert Goelet and Mr. Ogden Goelet, the articles including furniture, bric-a-brac, vases and interior fittings and furnishings from old European churches. The representative of the Goelets is Mr. White of the well known firm of McKim, Mead & White, architects.

"ON THE BOWERY."

"On the Bowery," which will be given its second presentation in Newport at the Opera House Friday evening, is a sensational and comic drama by R. N. Stephens. It contains such stirring incidents as an attempted elopement, a burglary, a false accusation, a desperate escape, an exciting fight participated in by eight people, a bold and unique attempt on the part of the villain's henchmen to drown a woman, a jump from the Brooklyn bridge by Steve Brodie, a narrow escape from the police, a fire on an East river dock, and a denouement in which reward or punishment is meted to each person in the play according to his or her deserts. The scenic display includes pictures of the Bowery, the interior of "Steve" Brodie's place, fine representations of the Brooklyn bridge, a scene on the docks on the East river, and Chatham square. The part played by Steve Brodie in the play is that of none other than himself. He is seen as he really is, cheerful, alert, business-like, knowing, good-hearted, and with a keen sense of humor.

TAKING COURTESIES FOR GRANTED.

Some people seem to possess the idea that gratitude is only called for where some special attention is shown, where the courtesy is one of magnitude. Whether it is that we are growing too much accustomed in this country to doing everything on a large scale, or whatever it is, the fact remains that we are altogether too prone to disregard the little courtesies of life as courtesies. The most subtle thought is often shown in the smallest attention. We all know that the greatest pleasures in this life come from the smaller doings—not far from the larger. Again and again have I seen this remissness on the part of people. A man shows some little attention to a woman, and it goes unnoticed. A young man shows a courtesy to a girl, and it is received as her right. Hospitality is extended, and remains unacknowledged. Letters of congratulation are written, and go unanswered. It is in these smaller things that we are lacking in the true spirit of gratitude. We take them for granted, absolutely forgetting that nothing is ours by right in this world; that whatever comes to us in the way of an attention, be it ever so small, is an attention, and comes by favor. I wish that girls particularly might think a little more of this. One hears a great deal of complaint among young men nowadays that girls accept courtesies altogether too much as their due. Our girls should get over this habit of taking things for granted.—[Edward W. Bok, in Ladies' Home Journal.

HOUSE DECORATION AND FANCY-WORK.

Going from house to house in New York—and undoubtedly it is the case in all large cities—in response to the great number of tea and reception cards that every day's mail brings, the woman of society sees much to imitate, as well as much to avoid, in the infinite variety of table decorations. It is only a small table, of course, that is prepared on these semi-formal occasions, but it is daintily arranged to tempt the caller who drops in between four and seven in response to her card of invitation; but each hostess strives for originality, or, despairing of that, aims at decided and formal conventionality. In the latter case a caterer generally has charge of everything; and in the place of embroidery, lace and linen, the centre and corners of the table are occupied by large salvers of silver and plaques of looking-glass. Where the arrangements, on the contrary, are all an effect of the mistress's own taste, there is sometimes less splendor but always more originality.

At the setting of one table of the latter class, green and white were echoed to with very pleasing effect. The table was oblong, with square corners, and covered with Nile-green rush satin, pushed into irregular furrows or billows. Over the satin fresh fern leaves were laid down at random. The edge of the Nile-green cover was decorated with Breton lace, which lay on the polished table without falling over the edge. The centre-piece was a square of bolting-cloth with a paint ed border of white jonquils cut out on the edge, and connected by a waved line of pale green ribbon, also painted on the cloth. A cut-glass bowl resting on the centre of the bolting-cloth square held, I am sorry to say, ensconced by beautiful fern, a bunch of green carnations, whose strange artificiality was almost an antithesis to the fresh spring-like beauty of the table. The coloring was represented in nearly all the more substantial parts of the table setting. The china plates in convenient piles were white with a narrow green edge. The sandwiches were made of thin bread and butter, rolled into slender tubes, with a celery leaf projecting from each end, thereby giving color and indexing the filling, which was a mayonnaise of finely chopped celery. The small fancy cakes to eat with the tea were frosted with green. The bon-bons were all green and white; and the punch was observed, except as seen through the sides of the huge cut-glass bowl, by its floating freight of white rose petals and fresh green leaves. In the open fields of this frigid clime one does not find the tender trefoil of sorrel in March, but even the weeds that properly belong to spring are given to us for a consideration by the *fin de siècle* florists.—[Harper's Bazar.

A spring poem appeared at the head of this column yesterday. Two hours before it was placed in type the weather was unpleasantly warm, but when it was given to the world the mercury stood at zero. This is a great country; there is no limit to its possibilities!—[Atlanta Constitution.

A new kind of sneak thief has lately appeared in Fall River, under the guise of an inspector of electric wires. He went through a convent and a parochial residence, but was too closely watched to be able to steal anything.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FOR

COAL and WOOD,

AT LOWEST PRICES,

—GO TO—

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

PERRY MILL WHARF,

341 THAMES STREET.

A LINE OF VERY NICE LOW-PRICED

Decorated Toilet Sets

JUST OPENED

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

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Notice!

Prices Have Declined.

Discount for SPOT Cash.

Call and Hear Figures.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN.

WM E. BOONE, Agent.

Office BOWEN'S WHARF.

We have just opened a new line of

Teas and Coffees

Which we are

SELLING VERY LOW.

TRY US.

E. A. EDES,

158 Thames Street.

AUCTION SALES.

Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate by Public Auction.

To Leonard A. Hunt of Little Compton, County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, and all persons interested in the premises.

NOTICE is hereby given, that under and by virtue of power of sale and attorney in a mortgage deed given by said Leonard A. Hunt to John M. Lancaster dated September 1st A. D. 1891, recorded in the Town Clerk's Office with Little Compton Deeds Book 16, Pages 95 and 97, and for breach of the conditions thereof, and to foreclose said mortgage, will be sold by public auction on the premises **Thursday, March 28th, 1895,** at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the premises described in said mortgage deed as follows:

"The following real estate with the buildings thereon standing, known as the Elijah Pierce Farm and situated in said Little Compton, and bounded as follows, to wit: North by a lane leading to the Samuel Pierce Place (so called); West by land of Joseph Silva; South by land of George Davol; East by the Long Highway, so called, and containing Fifty (50) acres, be the same more or less Excepting the right of dower of one Jane E. Pierce in and to said real estate, which has been legally assigned to her."

Said premises will be sold subject to all taxes. Terms at sale.

JOHN M. LANCASTER, Mortgagee.

Fall River, March 6th, 1895.

Pinard Cottages,

Newport, R. I.

One of these very desirable and fully furnished cottages to rent with board for the ensuing season.

JOHN. A. PINARD.

New York Office, 6 East 15th Street.

POTATOES

HAVE ARRIVED.

FINEST STOCK

OFFERED THIS SEASON

Mitchell's, Standard, Chemical Compound,
Crocker's Potato and New Arrival
Fertilizers in stock.

The Geo. A. Weaver Co.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEW BOOKS.

Easter Cards and Easter Books.

NEW BOOKS.

The Princess Aline, by Richard Harding Davis.
The Sphinx of Park Lane, by Bolt Boldrewood. (Author of Robbery Under Arms).
Out of the Past, by Lafcadio Hearn.
Majesty, by Louis Couperus.
The Misadventures of Jessop Blythe, by Joseph Hatton.
Chimmie Fadden, by E. W. Townsend.
Beyond the Dreams of Avarice, by Walter Besant.
More Short Sixes, by H. C. Bunner.

C. E. Hammett, Jr., 202 Thames St

A MAN AND HIS MODEL,

By Anthony Hope.

Letters of a Baritone, by Francis Walker.
The New Woman, by Ellyn Mathews.
The Story of Christine Rochefort, by Helen Choate Prince.
Daughters of the Revolution, by Charles Carleton Coffin.

ALSO

A Fine Line of EASTER CARDS,

GEORGE H. CARR,

177 THAMES STREET.

VICTOR HUGO'S

Les Miserables Series

The five separate books for

Only 40c.

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Franklin News Depot,

6 Franklin Street, Opposite Postoffice.

LOOK OUT FOR

Munsey's Magazine

For March.

At Clarke's,

ESTATE of

Baby Carriages.

Cottrell Block,

322, 324 & 326 Thames Street.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

One gross Electric Cycle Oil at 5c a bottle
One lot of Tree Guards for sale VERY cheap
Also one Winchester Rifle, 25-20, which we will sell for cost.

And last, but not least, we will load you 100 Shells, No. 10 or 12, with Hazard's powder, any lead, for $2.

AT **SOUTHWICK'S,**

185 THAMES STREET.

Telephone.

LAPPIN'S.

SILK WAISTS.



For the third week we have been selling a four-dollar waist for $2.90. We have received one hundred more to do the same thing with. Size, 32 to 44. Remember sale Saturday and Monday.

$2.90. $2.90. $2.90.

—AT—

M. B. Lappin's

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